

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2016 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 369

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WILLIAMS

[Originating in the Committee on Education; reported
on January 29, 2016.]

1 A BILL to repeal §18-2-5g of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to repeal §18-2E-3g
2 of said code; to repeal §18B-5-8 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-2E-5 of said
3 code; to amend and reenact §18-2I-5 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-3-12 of said
4 code; to amend and reenact §18-5-44 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-20-5 and
5 §18-20-8 of said code; to amend and reenact §18A-2-3 of said code; to amend and reenact
6 §18A-4-7a of said code; to amend and reenact §18A-5-1a of said code; to amend and
7 reenact §18B-1-10 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-1B-4 of said code; to amend
8 and reenact §18B-1D-8 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section,
9 designated §18B-1D-8a; to amend and reenact §18B-1E-3 and §18B-1E-4 of said code;
10 to amend and reenact §18B-2B-6 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-2C-3 of said
11 code; to amend and reenact §18B-3D-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-10-1 of
12 said code; to amend and reenact §18B-13-5 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-
13 18-6 of said code; to amend and reenact §18C-3-4 of said code; to amend and reenact
14 §18C-5-7 of said code; and to amend and reenact §18C-7-5 of said code, all relating to
15 legislative education reporting requirements; repealing obsolete section providing for
16 establishment of a special five-year demonstration professional development school
17 project for improving academic achievement including requirement for status reports to
18 commission; repealing requirement for review, evaluation and report to commission on
19 reports required to be written by principals and teachers; repealing section requiring
20 Higher Education Policy Commission to report to commission on in-state and out-of-state
21 contracts and purchases; removing requirement for Office of Education Performance
22 Audits to report to commission on each appeal of on-site review findings; removing
23 requirement for report to the commission on the effectiveness of staff development
24 resulting from expenditures from Strategic Staff Development Fund; removing
25 requirement for status report to commission relating to Special Community Development
26 School Pilot Program; removing requirement for report to commission on progress of

27 implementation of early childhood education programs for all children who have attained
28 the age of four prior to September 1 of the school year in which the pupil enters the
29 program; removing requirement for report to the commission and the Joint Committee on
30 Government and Finance that addresses, at a minimum, certain early childhood education
31 program issues; removing requirement for State Superintendent of Schools to review the
32 rules, policies and standards of the state and federal law for serving the needs of certain
33 exceptional children and removing requirement for report to commission on the findings
34 of the review along with an accounting of the services provided and the costs thereof;
35 removing requirement for annual report to commission, the Joint Committee on Education,
36 the Legislative Commission on Juvenile Law, and other agencies, as appropriate, which
37 recommends policies, procedures and legislation for effectively providing early
38 intervention services and reports on the status of existing programs; removing requirement
39 for State Board of Education to review the status of employing prospective employable
40 professional personnel and the requirement for an annual report to the commission which
41 must include certain minimum prospective employable professional personnel-related
42 items; removing requirement that county board of education submit a copy of its policy
43 defining which policies are lateral positions to the state board within thirty days of any
44 adoption or modification and the requirement that the state board compile a report and
45 submit the report to the commission; removing the requirement that county boards report
46 the number of students determined to be dangerous students to the state board, and the
47 requirement that the state board compile the statistics and report its findings to the
48 commission; removing the reporting requirements on the cooperative relationship
49 between Potomac State College and Eastern West Virginia Community and Technical
50 College; removing the requirement that the Higher Education Policy Commission report
51 on its performance, capital investment priorities, and recommendations for statutory
52 changes; listing certain reports that are not required to be made annually to the Legislature

53 but instead requiring them to be combined with other reports, including certain personnel,
54 classification, compensation and human resources reports, all capital appropriation
55 requests, priorities and campus and state capital development plans, all academic related
56 matters and reports, and all financial aid reports; removing obsolete requirements that the
57 findings, conclusions and recommendations of the Revitalization Project for WVU-Tech
58 study, together with the revitalization plan for implementation, shall be reported to the
59 Higher Educations Policy Commission and the governing board, that the revitalization plan
60 be delivered to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability, and
61 that the commission consider the proposed plan and approve or disapprove; removing
62 requirement that Chancellor report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education
63 Accountability on allocation of funds to support revitalization project at WVU-Tech and on
64 progress made in implementing the purposes and intent of revitalization project article and
65 components of the revitalization plan; removing requirement that Higher Education Policy
66 Commission and governing board provide to the Legislative Oversight Commission on
67 Education Accountability a detailed summary of all revitalization project activities
68 undertaken; removing requirement that Community and Technical College Council report
69 on its performance, capital investment priorities and recommendations for statutory
70 changes; removing requirement for report on community and technical college progress
71 toward meeting statutory goals and whether statewide independently accredited
72 community and technical college should be created; removing requirement for status
73 report on workforce development initiatives; removing requirement for annual report on
74 auxiliary fees; removing requirement that Higher Education Policy Commission report on
75 technical assistance and associated costs provided to qualified businesses within the
76 higher education and industry partnership; removing requirement for annual status report
77 on the Eminent Scholars Endowment Trust Fund; removing requirement of an annual
78 report on number of nursing scholarship recipients; removing requirement to report on

79 status of Higher Education Adult Part-Time Student Grant Program; and removing
80 requirement for annual recommendation to encourage PROMISE recipients to live and
81 work in West Virginia after graduation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1 That §18-2-5g of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be repealed; that §18-2E-
2 3g of said code be repealed; that §18B-5-8 of said code be repealed; that §18-2E-5 of said code
3 be amended and reenacted; that §18-2I-5 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18-3-
4 12 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18-5-44 of said code be amended and
5 reenacted; that §18-20-5 and §18-20-8 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18A-2-3
6 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18A-4-7a of said code be amended and reenacted;
7 that §18A-5-1a of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-1-10 of said code be amended
8 and reenacted; that §18B-1B-4 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-1D-8 of said
9 code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section,
10 designated §18B-1D-8a; and that §18B-1E-3 and §18B-1E-4 of said code be amended and
11 reenacted; that §18B-2B-6 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-2C-3 of said code
12 be amended and reenacted; that §18B-3D-2 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-
13 10-1 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-13-5 of said code be amended and
14 reenacted; that §18B-18-6 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18C-3-4 of said code
15 be amended and reenacted; that §18C-5-7 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18C-
16 7-5 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 2E. HIGH QUALITY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.

§18-2E-5. Process for improving education; education standards; statewide assessment program; accountability measures; Office of Education Performance Audits; school accreditation and school system approval; intervention to correct low performance.

1 (a) *Legislative findings, purpose and intent.* — The Legislature makes the following
2 findings with respect to the process for improving education and its purpose and intent in the
3 enactment of this section:

4 (1) The process for improving education includes four primary elements, these being:

5 (A) Standards which set forth the knowledge and skills that students should know and be
6 able to perform as the result of a thorough and efficient education that prepares them for the
7 twenty-first century, including measurable criteria to evaluate student performance and progress;

8 (B) Assessments of student performance and progress toward meeting the standards;

9 (C) A system of accountability for continuous improvement defined by high-quality
10 standards for schools and school systems articulated by a rule promulgated by the state board
11 and outlined in subsection (c) of this section that will build capacity in schools and districts to meet
12 rigorous outcomes that assure student performance and progress toward obtaining the
13 knowledge and skills intrinsic to a high-quality education rather than monitoring for compliance
14 with specific laws and regulations; and

15 (D) A method for building the capacity and improving the efficiency of schools and school
16 systems to improve student performance and progress;

17 (2) As the constitutional body charged with the general supervision of schools as provided
18 by general law, the state board has the authority and the responsibility to establish the standards,
19 assess the performance and progress of students against the standards, hold schools and school
20 systems accountable and assist schools and school systems to build capacity and improve
21 efficiency so that the standards are met, including, when necessary, seeking additional resources
22 in consultation with the Legislature and the Governor;

23 (3) As the constitutional body charged with providing for a thorough and efficient system
24 of schools, the Legislature has the authority and the responsibility to establish and be engaged
25 constructively in the determination of the knowledge and skills that students should know and be

26 able to do as the result of a thorough and efficient education. This determination is made by using
27 the process for improving education to determine when school improvement is needed by
28 evaluating the results and the efficiency of the system of schools, by ensuring accountability and
29 by providing for the necessary capacity and its efficient use;

30 (4) In consideration of these findings, the purpose of this section is to establish a process
31 for improving education that includes the four primary elements as set forth in subdivision (1) of
32 this subsection to provide assurances that the high-quality standards are, at a minimum, being
33 met and that a thorough and efficient system of schools is being provided for all West Virginia
34 public school students on an equal education opportunity basis; and

35 (5) The intent of the Legislature in enacting this section and section five-c of this article is
36 to establish a process through which the Legislature, the Governor and the state board can work
37 in the spirit of cooperation and collaboration intended in the process for improving education, to
38 consult and examine the performance and progress of students, schools and school systems and,
39 when necessary, to consider alternative measures to ensure that all students continue to receive
40 the thorough and efficient education to which they are entitled. However, nothing in this section
41 requires any specific level of funding by the Legislature.

42 (b) *Electronic county and school strategic improvement plans.* — The state board shall
43 promulgate a rule consistent with the provisions of this section and in accordance with article
44 three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code establishing an electronic county strategic
45 improvement plan for each county board and an electronic school strategic improvement plan for
46 each public school in this state. Each respective plan shall be for a period of no more than five
47 years and shall include the mission and goals of the school or school system to improve student,
48 school or school system performance and progress, as applicable. The strategic plan shall be
49 revised annually in each area in which the school or system is below the standard on the annual
50 performance measures. The plan shall be revised when required pursuant to this section to

51 include each annual performance measure upon which the school or school system fails to meet
52 the standard for performance and progress, the action to be taken to meet each measure, a
53 separate time line and a date certain for meeting each measure, a cost estimate and, when
54 applicable, the assistance to be provided by the department and other education agencies to
55 improve student, school or school system performance and progress to meet the annual
56 performance measure.

57 The department shall make available to all public schools through its website or the West
58 Virginia Education Information System an electronic school strategic improvement plan
59 boilerplate designed for use by all schools to develop an electronic school strategic improvement
60 plan which incorporates all required aspects and satisfies all improvement plan requirements of
61 the No Child Left Behind Act.

62 (c) *High-quality education standards and efficiency standards.* — In accordance with the
63 provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, the state board shall adopt and
64 periodically review and update high-quality education standards for student, school and school
65 system performance and processes in the following areas:

- 66 (1) Curriculum;
- 67 (2) Workplace readiness skills;
- 68 (3) Finance;
- 69 (4) Transportation;
- 70 (5) Special education;
- 71 (6) Facilities;
- 72 (7) Administrative practices;
- 73 (8) Training of county board members and administrators;
- 74 (9) Personnel qualifications;
- 75 (10) Professional development and evaluation;

76 (11) Student performance, progress and attendance;

77 (12) Professional personnel, including principals and central office administrators, and
78 service personnel attendance;

79 (13) School and school system performance and progress;

80 (14) A code of conduct for students and employees;

81 (15) Indicators of efficiency; and

82 (16) Any other areas determined by the state board.

83 (d) *Comprehensive statewide student assessment program.* — The state board shall
84 establish a comprehensive statewide student assessment program to assess student
85 performance and progress in grades three through twelve. The assessment program is subject to
86 the following:

87 (1) The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the provisions of article
88 three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code establishing the comprehensive statewide student
89 assessment program;

90 (2) Prior to the 2014-2015 school year, the state board shall align the comprehensive
91 statewide student assessment for all grade levels in which the test is given with the college-
92 readiness standards adopted pursuant to section thirty-nine, article two of this chapter or develop
93 other aligned tests to be required at each grade level so that progress toward college readiness
94 in English/language arts and math can be measured;

95 (3) The state board may require that student proficiencies be measured through the ACT
96 EXPLORE and the ACT PLAN assessments or other comparable assessments, which are
97 approved by the state board and provided by future vendors;

98 (4) The state board may require that student proficiencies be measured through the West
99 Virginia writing assessment at any grade levels determined by the state board to be appropriate;

100 and

101 (5) The state board may provide, through the statewide assessment program, other
102 optional testing or assessment instruments applicable to grade levels kindergarten through grade
103 twelve which may be used by each school to promote student achievement. The state board
104 annually shall publish and make available, electronically or otherwise, to school curriculum teams
105 and teacher collaborative processes the optional testing and assessment instruments.

106 (e) *State annual performance measures for school and school system accreditation.* —

107 The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the provisions of article three-
108 b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code that establishes a system to assess and weigh annual
109 performance measures for state accreditation of schools and school systems. The state board
110 also may establish performance incentives for schools and school systems as part of the state
111 accreditation system. On or before December 1, 2013, the state board shall report to the Governor
112 and to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability the proposed rule for
113 establishing the measures and incentives of accreditation and the estimated cost therefore, if any.
114 Thereafter, the state board shall provide an annual report to the Governor and to the Legislative
115 Oversight Commission on Education Accountability on the impact and effectiveness of the
116 accreditation system. The rule for school and school system accreditation proposed by the board
117 may include, but is not limited to, the following measures:

118 (1) Student proficiency in English and language arts, math, science and other subjects
119 determined by the board;

120 (2) Graduation and attendance rate;

121 (3) Students taking and passing AP tests;

122 (4) Students completing a career and technical education class;

123 (5) Closing achievement gaps within subgroups of a school's student population; and

124 (6) Students scoring at or above average attainment on SAT or ACT tests.

125 (f) *Indicators of efficiency.* — In accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter

126 twenty-nine-a of this code, the state board shall adopt by rule and periodically review and update
127 indicators of efficiency for use by the appropriate divisions within the department to ensure
128 efficient management and use of resources in the public schools in the following areas:

129 (1) Curriculum delivery including, but not limited to, the use of distance learning;

130 (2) Transportation;

131 (3) Facilities;

132 (4) Administrative practices;

133 (5) Personnel;

134 (6) Use of regional educational service agency programs and services, including programs
135 and services that may be established by their assigned regional educational service agency or
136 other regional services that may be initiated between and among participating county boards; and

137 (7) Any other indicators as determined by the state board.

138 (g) *Assessment and accountability of school and school system performance and*
139 *processes.* — In accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
140 code, the state board shall establish by rule a system of education performance audits which
141 measures the quality of education and the preparation of students based on the annual measures
142 of student, school and school system performance and progress. The system of education
143 performance audits shall provide information to the state board, the Legislature and the Governor,
144 upon which they may determine whether a thorough and efficient system of schools is being
145 provided. The system of education performance audits shall include:

146 (1) The assessment of student, school and school system performance and progress
147 based on the annual measures established pursuant to subsection (e) of this section;

148 (2) The evaluation of records, reports and other information collected by the Office of
149 Education Performance Audits upon which the quality of education and compliance with statutes,
150 policies and standards may be determined;

151 (3) The review of school and school system electronic strategic improvement plans; and
152 (4) The on-site review of the processes in place in schools and school systems to enable
153 school and school system performance and progress and compliance with the standards.

154 (h) *Uses of school and school system assessment information.* — The state board shall
155 use information from the system of education performance audits to assist it in ensuring that a
156 thorough and efficient system of schools is being provided and to improve student, school and
157 school system performance and progress. Information from the system of education performance
158 audits further shall be used by the state board for these purposes, including, but not limited to,
159 the following:

- 160 (1) Determining school accreditation and school system approval status;
161 (2) Holding schools and school systems accountable for the efficient use of existing
162 resources to meet or exceed the standards; and
163 (3) Targeting additional resources when necessary to improve performance and progress.

164 The state board shall make accreditation information available to the Legislature, the
165 Governor, the general public and to any individual who requests the information, subject to the
166 provisions of any act or rule restricting the release of information.

167 (i) *Early detection and intervention programs.* — Based on the assessment of student,
168 school and school system performance and progress, the state board shall establish early
169 detection and intervention programs using the available resources of the Department of
170 Education, the regional educational service agencies, the Center for Professional Development
171 and the Principals Academy, or other resources as appropriate, to assist underachieving schools
172 and school systems to improve performance before conditions become so grave as to warrant
173 more substantive state intervention. Assistance shall include, but is not limited to, providing
174 additional technical assistance and programmatic, professional staff development, providing
175 monetary, staffing and other resources where appropriate.

176 (j) *Office of Education Performance Audits.* —

177 (1) To assist the state board in the operation of a system of education performance audits,
178 the state board shall establish an Office of Education Performance Audits consistent with the
179 provisions of this section. The Office of Education Performance Audits shall be operated under
180 the direction of the state board independently of the functions and supervision of the State
181 Department of Education and state superintendent. The Office of Education Performance Audits
182 shall report directly to and be responsible to the state board in carrying out its duties under the
183 provisions of this section.

184 (2) The office shall be headed by a director who shall be appointed by the state board and
185 who serves at the will and pleasure of the state board. The annual salary of the director shall be
186 set by the state board and may not exceed eighty percent of the salary of the State Superintendent
187 of Schools.

188 (3) The state board shall organize and sufficiently staff the office to fulfill the duties
189 assigned to it by law and by the state board. Employees of the State Department of Education
190 who are transferred to the Office of Education Performance Audits shall retain their benefits and
191 seniority status with the Department of Education.

192 (4) Under the direction of the state board, the Office of Education Performance Audits shall
193 receive from the West Virginia education Information System staff research and analysis data on
194 the performance and progress of students, schools and school systems, and shall receive
195 assistance, as determined by the state board, from staff at the State Department of Education,
196 the regional education service agencies, the Center for Professional Development, the Principals
197 Academy and the School Building Authority to carry out the duties assigned to the office.

198 (5) In addition to other duties which may be assigned to it by the state board or by statute,
199 the Office of Education Performance Audits also shall:

200 (A) Assure that all statewide assessments of student performance used as annual

201 performance measures are secure as required in section one-a of this article;

202 (B) Administer all accountability measures as assigned by the state board, including, but
203 not limited to, the following:

204 (i) Processes for the accreditation of schools and the approval of school systems; and

205 (ii) Recommendations to the state board on appropriate action, including, but not limited
206 to, accreditation and approval action;

207 (C) Determine, in conjunction with the assessment and accountability processes, what
208 capacity may be needed by schools and school systems to meet the standards established by
209 the state board and recommend to the state board plans to establish those needed capacities;

210 (D) Determine, in conjunction with the assessment and accountability processes, whether
211 statewide system deficiencies exist in the capacity of schools and school systems to meet the
212 standards established by the state board, including the identification of trends and the need for
213 continuing improvements in education, and report those deficiencies and trends to the state
214 board;

215 (E) Determine, in conjunction with the assessment and accountability processes, staff
216 development needs of schools and school systems to meet the standards established by the state
217 board and make recommendations to the state board, the Center for Professional Development,
218 the regional educational service agencies, the Higher Education Policy Commission and the
219 county boards;

220 (F) Identify, in conjunction with the assessment and accountability processes, school
221 systems and best practices that improve student, school and school system performance and
222 communicate those to the state board for promoting the use of best practices. The state board
223 shall provide information on best practices to county school systems; and

224 (G) Develop reporting formats, such as check lists, which shall be used by the appropriate
225 administrative personnel in schools and school systems to document compliance with applicable

226 laws, policies and process standards as considered appropriate and approved by the state board,
227 which may include, but is not limited to, the following:

228 (i) The use of a policy for the evaluation of all school personnel that meets the
229 requirements of sections twelve and twelve-a, article two, chapter eighteen-a of this code;

230 (ii) The participation of students in appropriate physical assessments as determined by
231 the state board, which assessment may not be used as a part of the assessment and
232 accountability system;

233 (iii) The appropriate licensure of school personnel; and

234 (iv) The appropriate provision of multicultural activities.

235 Information contained in the reporting formats is subject to examination during an on-site
236 review to determine compliance with laws, policies and standards. Intentional and grossly
237 negligent reporting of false information are grounds for dismissal of any employee.

238 (k) *On-site reviews.* —

239 (1) The system of education performance audits shall include on-site reviews of schools
240 and school systems which shall be conducted only at the specific direction of the state board upon
241 its determination that circumstances exist that warrant an on-site review. Any discussion by the
242 state board of schools to be subject to an on-site review or dates for which on-site reviews will be
243 conducted may be held in executive session and is not subject to the provisions of article nine-a,
244 chapter six of this code relating to open governmental proceedings. An on-site review shall be
245 conducted by the Office of Education Performance Audits of a school or school system for the
246 purpose of making recommendations to the school and school system, as appropriate, and to the
247 state board on such measures as it considers necessary. The investigation may include, but is
248 not limited to, the following:

249 (A) Verifying data reported by the school or county board;

250 (B) Examining compliance with the laws and policies affecting student, school and school

251 system performance and progress;

252 (C) Evaluating the effectiveness and implementation status of school and school system
253 electronic strategic improvement plans;

254 (D) Investigating official complaints submitted to the state board that allege serious
255 impairments in the quality of education in schools or school systems;

256 (E) Investigating official complaints submitted to the state board that allege that a school
257 or county board is in violation of policies or laws under which schools and county boards operate;
258 and

259 (F) Determining and reporting whether required reviews and inspections have been
260 conducted by the appropriate agencies, including, but not limited to, the State Fire Marshal, the
261 Health Department, the School Building Authority and the responsible divisions within the
262 department of education, and whether noted deficiencies have been or are in the process of being
263 corrected.

264 (2) The Director of the Office of Education Performance Audits shall notify the county
265 superintendent of schools five school days prior to commencing an on-site review of the county
266 school system and shall notify both the county superintendent and the principal five school days
267 before commencing an on-site review of an individual school: *Provided*, That the state board may
268 direct the Office of Education Performance Audits to conduct an unannounced on-site review of
269 a school or school system if the state board believes circumstances warrant an unannounced on-
270 site review.

271 (3) The Office of Education Performance Audits shall conduct on-site reviews which are
272 limited in scope to specific areas in which performance and progress are persistently below
273 standard as determined by the state board unless specifically directed by the state board to
274 conduct a review which covers additional areas.

275 (4) The Office of Education Performance Audits shall reimburse a county board for the

276 costs of substitutes required to replace county board employees who serve on a review team.

277 (5) At the conclusion of an on-site review of a school system, the director and team leaders
278 shall hold an exit conference with the superintendent and shall provide an opportunity for
279 principals to be present for at least the portion of the conference pertaining to their respective
280 schools. In the case of an on-site review of a school, the exit conference shall be held with the
281 principal and curriculum team of the school and the superintendent shall be provided the
282 opportunity to be present. The purpose of the exit conference is to review the initial findings of the
283 on-site review, clarify and correct any inaccuracies and allow the opportunity for dialogue between
284 the reviewers and the school or school system to promote a better understanding of the findings.

285 (6) The Office of Education Performance Audits shall report the findings of an on-site
286 review to the county superintendent and the principals whose schools were reviewed within thirty
287 days following the conclusion of the on-site review. The Office of Education Performance Audits
288 shall report the findings of the on-site review to the state board within forty-five days after the
289 conclusion of the on-site review. A school or county that believes one or more findings of a review
290 are clearly inaccurate, incomplete or misleading, misrepresent or fail to reflect the true quality of
291 education in the school or county or address issues unrelated to the health, safety and welfare of
292 students and the quality of education, may appeal to the state board for removal of the findings.
293 The state board shall establish a process for it to receive, review and act upon the appeals. The
294 ~~state board shall report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability~~
295 ~~during its July interim meetings, or as soon thereafter as practical, on each appeal during the~~
296 ~~preceding school year.~~

297 (7) The Legislature finds that the accountability and oversight of some activities and
298 programmatic areas in the public schools are controlled through other mechanisms and agencies
299 and that additional accountability and oversight may be unnecessary, counterproductive and
300 impair necessary resources for teaching and learning. Therefore, the Office of Education

301 Performance Audits may rely on other agencies and mechanisms in its review of schools and
302 school systems.

303 (l) *School accreditation.* —

304 (1) The state board shall establish levels of accreditation to be assigned to schools. The
305 establishment of levels of accreditation and the levels shall be subject to the following:

306 (A) The levels will be designed to demonstrate school performance in all the areas outlined
307 in this section and also those established by the state board;

308 (B) The state board shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of
309 article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to establish the performance and standards
310 required for a school to be assigned a particular level of accreditation; and

311 (C) The state board will establish the levels of accreditation in such a manner as to
312 minimize the number of systems of school recognition, both state and federal, that are employed
313 to recognize and accredit schools.

314 (2) The state board annually shall review the information from the system of education
315 performance audits submitted for each school and shall issue to every school a level of
316 accreditation as designated and determined by the state board.

317 (3) The state board, in its exercise of general supervision of the schools and school
318 systems of West Virginia, may exercise any or all of the following powers and actions:

319 (A) To require a school to revise its electronic strategic plan;

320 (B) To define extraordinary circumstances under which the state board may intervene
321 directly or indirectly in the operation of a school;

322 (C) To appoint monitors to work with the principal and staff of a school where extraordinary
323 circumstances are found to exist and to appoint monitors to assist the school principal after
324 intervention in the operation of a school is completed;

325 (D) To direct a county board to target resources to assist a school where extraordinary

326 circumstances are found to exist;

327 (E) To intervene directly in the operation of a school and declare the position of principal
328 vacant and assign a principal for the school who will serve at the will and pleasure of the state
329 board. If the principal who was removed elects not to remain an employee of the county board,
330 then the principal assigned by the state board shall be paid by the county board. If the principal
331 who was removed elects to remain an employee of the county board, then the following procedure
332 applies:

333 (i) The principal assigned by the state board shall be paid by the state board until the next
334 school term, at which time the principal assigned by the state board shall be paid by the county
335 board;

336 (ii) The principal who was removed is eligible for all positions in the county, including
337 teaching positions, for which the principal is certified, by either being placed on the transfer list in
338 accordance with section seven, article two, chapter eighteen-a of this code, or by being placed
339 on the preferred recall list in accordance with section seven-a, article four, chapter eighteen-a of
340 this code; and

341 (iii) The principal who was removed shall be paid by the county board and may be
342 assigned to administrative duties, without the county board being required to post that position
343 until the end of the school term; and

344 (F) Other powers and actions the state board determines necessary to fulfill its duties of
345 general supervision of the schools and school systems of West Virginia.

346 (4) The county board may take no action nor refuse any action if the effect would be to
347 impair further the school in which the state board has intervened.

348 (m) *School system approval.* — The state board annually shall review the information
349 submitted for each school system from the system of education performance audits and issue
350 one of the following approval levels to each county board: Full approval, temporary approval,

351 conditional approval or nonapproval.

352 (1) Full approval shall be given to a county board whose schools have all been given full,
353 temporary or conditional accreditation status and which does not have any deficiencies which
354 would endanger student health or safety or other extraordinary circumstances as defined by the
355 state board. A fully approved school system in which other deficiencies are discovered shall
356 remain on full accreditation status for the remainder of the approval period and shall have an
357 opportunity to correct those deficiencies, notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection.

358 (2) Temporary approval shall be given to a county board whose education system is below
359 the level required for full approval. Whenever a county board is given temporary approval status,
360 the county board shall revise its electronic county strategic improvement plan in accordance with
361 subsection (b) of this section to increase the performance and progress of the school system to
362 a full approval status level. The revised plan shall be submitted to the state board for approval.

363 (3) Conditional approval shall be given to a county board whose education system is below
364 the level required for full approval, but whose electronic county strategic improvement plan meets
365 the following criteria:

366 (A) The plan has been revised in accordance with subsection (b) of this section;

367 (B) The plan has been approved by the state board; and

368 (C) The county board is meeting the objectives and time line specified in the revised plan.

369 (4) Nonapproval status shall be given to a county board which fails to submit and gain
370 approval for its electronic county strategic improvement plan or revised electronic county strategic
371 improvement plan within a reasonable time period as defined by the state board or which fails to
372 meet the objectives and time line of its revised electronic county strategic improvement plan or
373 fails to achieve full approval by the date specified in the revised plan.

374 (A) The state board shall establish and adopt additional standards to identify school
375 systems in which the program may be nonapproved and the state board may issue nonapproval

376 status whenever extraordinary circumstances exist as defined by the state board.

377 (B) Whenever a county board has more than a casual deficit, as defined in section one,
378 article one of this chapter, the county board shall submit a plan to the state board specifying the
379 county board's strategy for eliminating the casual deficit. The state board either shall approve or
380 reject the plan. If the plan is rejected, the state board shall communicate to the county board the
381 reason or reasons for the rejection of the plan. The county board may resubmit the plan any
382 number of times. However, any county board that fails to submit a plan and gain approval for the
383 plan from the state board before the end of the fiscal year after a deficit greater than a casual
384 deficit occurred or any county board which, in the opinion of the state board, fails to comply with
385 an approved plan may be designated as having nonapproval status.

386 (C) Whenever nonapproval status is given to a school system, the state board shall
387 declare a state of emergency in the school system and shall appoint a team of improvement
388 consultants to make recommendations within sixty days of appointment for correcting the
389 emergency. When the state board approves the recommendations, they shall be communicated
390 to the county board. If progress in correcting the emergency, as determined by the state board,
391 is not made within six months from the time the county board receives the recommendations, the
392 state board shall intervene in the operation of the school system to cause improvements to be
393 made that will provide assurances that a thorough and efficient system of schools will be provided.
394 This intervention may include, but is not limited to, the following:

395 (i) Limiting the authority of the county superintendent and county board as to the
396 expenditure of funds, the employment and dismissal of personnel, the establishment and
397 operation of the school calendar, the establishment of instructional programs and rules and any
398 other areas designated by the state board by rule, which may include delegating decision-making
399 authority regarding these matters to the state superintendent;

400 (ii) Declaring that the office of the county superintendent is vacant;

401 (iii) Declaring that the positions of personnel who serve at the will and pleasure of the
402 county superintendent as provided in section one, article two, chapter eighteen-a of this code, are
403 vacant, subject to application and reemployment;

404 (iv) Delegating to the state superintendent both the authority to conduct hearings on
405 personnel matters and school closure or consolidation matters and, subsequently, to render the
406 resulting decisions and the authority to appoint a designee for the limited purpose of conducting
407 hearings while reserving to the state superintendent the authority to render the resulting decisions;

408 (v) Functioning in lieu of the county board of education in a transfer, sale, purchase or
409 other transaction regarding real property; and

410 (vi) Taking any direct action necessary to correct the emergency including, but not limited
411 to, the following:

412 (I) Delegating to the state superintendent the authority to replace administrators and
413 principals in low performing schools and to transfer them into alternate professional positions
414 within the county at his or her discretion; and

415 (II) Delegating to the state superintendent the authority to fill positions of administrators
416 and principals with individuals determined by the state superintendent to be the most qualified for
417 the positions. Any authority related to intervention in the operation of a county board granted
418 under this paragraph is not subject to the provisions of article four, chapter eighteen-a of this
419 code.

420 (n) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the state board may intervene
421 immediately in the operation of the county school system with all the powers, duties and
422 responsibilities contained in subsection (m) of this section, if the state board finds the following:

423 (1) That the conditions precedent to intervention exist as provided in this section; and that
424 delaying intervention for any period of time would not be in the best interests of the students of
425 the county school system; or

426 (2) That the conditions precedent to intervention exist as provided in this section and that
427 the state board had previously intervened in the operation of the same school system and had
428 concluded that intervention within the preceding five years.

429 (o) *Capacity*. — The process for improving education includes a process for targeting
430 resources strategically to improve the teaching and learning process. Development of electronic
431 school and school system strategic improvement plans, pursuant to subsection (b) of this section,
432 is intended, in part, to provide mechanisms to target resources strategically to the teaching and
433 learning process to improve student, school and school system performance. When deficiencies
434 are detected through the assessment and accountability processes, the revision and approval of
435 school and school system electronic strategic improvement plans shall ensure that schools and
436 school systems are efficiently using existing resources to correct the deficiencies. When the state
437 board determines that schools and school systems do not have the capacity to correct
438 deficiencies, the state board shall take one or more of the following actions:

439 (1) Work with the county board to develop or secure the resources necessary to increase
440 the capacity of schools and school systems to meet the standards and, when necessary, seek
441 additional resources in consultation with the Legislature and the Governor;

442 (2) Recommend to the appropriate body including, but not limited to, the Legislature,
443 county boards, schools and communities methods for targeting resources strategically to
444 eliminate deficiencies identified in the assessment and accountability processes. When making
445 determinations on recommendations, the state board shall include, but is not limited to, the
446 following methods:

447 (A) Examining reports and electronic strategic improvement plans regarding the
448 performance and progress of students, schools and school systems relative to the standards and
449 identifying the areas in which improvement is needed;

450 (B) Determining the areas of weakness and of ineffectiveness that appear to have

451 contributed to the substandard performance and progress of students or the deficiencies of the
452 school or school system and requiring the school or school system to work collaboratively with
453 the West Virginia Department of Education State System of Support to correct the deficiencies;

454 (C) Determining the areas of strength that appear to have contributed to exceptional
455 student, school and school system performance and progress and promoting their emulation
456 throughout the system;

457 (D) Requesting technical assistance from the School Building Authority in assessing or
458 designing comprehensive educational facilities plans;

459 (E) Recommending priority funding from the School Building Authority based on identified
460 needs;

461 (F) Requesting special staff development programs from the Center for Professional
462 Development, the Principals Academy, higher education, regional educational service agencies
463 and county boards based on identified needs;

464 (G) Submitting requests to the Legislature for appropriations to meet the identified needs
465 for improving education;

466 (H) Directing county boards to target their funds strategically toward alleviating
467 deficiencies;

468 (I) Ensuring that the need for facilities in counties with increased enrollment are
469 appropriately reflected and recommended for funding;

470 (J) Ensuring that the appropriate person or entity is held accountable for eliminating
471 deficiencies; and

472 (K) Ensuring that the needed capacity is available from the state and local level to assist
473 the school or school system in achieving the standards and alleviating the deficiencies.

474 (p) *Building leadership capacity* — To help build the governance and leadership capacity
475 of a county board during an intervention in the operation of its school system by the state board,

476 and to help assure sustained success following return of control to the county board, the state
477 board shall require the county board to establish goals and action plans, subject to approval of
478 the state board, to improve performance sufficiently to end the intervention within a period of not
479 more than five years. The state superintendent shall maintain oversight and provide assistance
480 and feedback to the county board on development and implementation of the goals and action
481 plans. At a minimum, the goals and action plans shall include:

482 (A) An analysis of the training and development activities needed by the county board and
483 leadership of the school system and schools for effective governance and school improvement;

484 (B) Support for the training and development activities identified which may include those
485 made available through the state superintendent, regional education service agencies, Center for
486 Professional Development, West Virginia School Board Association, Office of Education
487 Performance Audits, West Virginia Education Information System and other sources identified in
488 the goals and action plans. Attendance at these activities included in the goals and action plans
489 is mandatory as specified in the goals and action plans; and

490 (C) Active involvement by the county board in the improvement process, working in
491 tandem with the county superintendent to gather, analyze and interpret data, write time-specific
492 goals to correct deficiencies, prepare and implement action plans and allocate or request from
493 the State Board of Education the resources, including board development training and coaching,
494 necessary to achieve approved goals and action plans and sustain system and school
495 improvement.

496 At least once each year during the period of intervention, the Office of Education
497 Performance Audits shall assess the readiness of the county board to accept the return of control
498 of the system or school from the state board and sustain the improvements, and shall make a
499 report and recommendations to the state board supported by documented evidence of the
500 progress made on the goals and action plans. The state board may end the intervention or return

501 any portion of control of the operations of the school system or school that was previously
502 removed at its sole determination. If the state board determines at the fifth annual assessment
503 that the county board is still not ready to accept return of control by the state board and sustain
504 the improvements, the state board shall hold a public hearing in the affected county at which the
505 attendance by all members of the county board is requested so that the reasons for continued
506 intervention and the concerns of the citizens of the county may be heard. The state board may
507 continue the intervention only after it holds the public hearing and may require revision of the
508 goals and action plans.

509 Following the termination of an intervention in the operation of a school system and return
510 of full control by the state board, the support for governance education and development shall
511 continue as needed for up to three years. If at any time within this three years, the state board
512 determines that intervention in the operation of the school system is again necessary, the state
513 board shall again hold a public hearing in the affected county so that the reasons for the
514 intervention and the concerns of the citizens of the county may be heard.

ARTICLE 2I. PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

§18-2I-5. Strategic Staff Development Fund.

1 (a) There is created an account within the state board titled the Strategic Staff
2 Development Fund. The allocation of balances which accrue in the General School Fund shall be
3 transferred to the Strategic Staff Development Fund each year when the balances become
4 available. Any remaining funds transferred to the Strategic Staff Development Fund during the
5 fiscal year shall be carried over for use in the same manner the next fiscal year and shall be
6 separate and apart from, and in addition to, the transfer of funds from the General School Fund
7 for the next fiscal year.

8 (b) The money in the Strategic Staff Development Fund shall be used by the state board

9 to provide staff development in schools, counties or both that the state board determines need
10 additional resources. ~~The state board is required to report to the Legislative Oversight~~
11 ~~Commission on Education Accountability before December 1, annually, on the effectiveness of~~
12 ~~the staff development resulting from expenditures in this fund.~~

ARTICLE 3. STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

§18-3-12. Special Community Development School Pilot Program.

1 ~~(a)~~ The state superintendent shall establish a Special Community Development School
2 Pilot Program to be implemented in a neighborhood of at least five public schools, which shall
3 include at least one elementary and middle school, for the duration of five years. The
4 neighborhood of public schools designated by the state superintendent for the pilot shall have
5 significant enrollments of disadvantaged, minority and underachieving students. The designated
6 neighborhood of public schools under the direction of the county board and county superintendent
7 shall work in collaboration with higher education, community organizations, Center for
8 Professional Development, local community leaders, affected classroom teachers, affected
9 parents and the state board to develop and implement strategies that could be replicated in other
10 public schools with significant enrollments of disadvantaged, minority and underachieving
11 students to improve academic achievement. For purposes of this section "neighborhood" means
12 an area of no more than seven square miles.

13 ~~(b)~~ ~~Beginning in January, 2014, on or before the first day of the regular session of the~~
14 ~~Legislature, and each year thereafter, the state superintendent, county superintendent for the~~
15 ~~county in which the schools are located and lead community-based organizations shall make a~~
16 ~~status report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability and to the~~
17 ~~state board. The report may include any recommendations based on the progress of the~~
18 ~~demonstration project that he or she considers either necessary for improving the operations of~~

19 ~~the demonstration project or prudent for improving student achievement in other public schools~~
20 ~~through replication of successful demonstration school programs.~~

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-44. Early childhood education programs.

1 (a) For the purposes of this section, "early childhood education" means programs for
2 children who have attained the age of four prior to September 1 of the school year in which the
3 pupil enters the program created in this section.

4 (b) *Findings.* –

5 (1) Among other positive outcomes, early childhood education programs have been
6 determined to:

7 (A) Improve overall readiness when children enter school;

8 (B) Decrease behavioral problems;

9 (C) Improve student attendance;

10 (D) Increase scores on achievement tests;

11 (E) Decrease the percentage of students repeating a grade; and

12 (F) Decrease the number of students placed in special education programs;

13 (2) Quality early childhood education programs improve school performance and low-
14 quality early childhood education programs may have negative effects, especially for at-risk
15 children;

16 (3) West Virginia has the lowest percentage of its adult population twenty-five years of age
17 or older with a bachelor's degree and the education level of parents is a strong indicator of how
18 their children will perform in school;

19 (4) During the 2006-2007 school year, West Virginia ranked thirty-ninth among the fifty
20 states in the percentage of school children eligible for free and reduced lunches and this

21 percentage is a strong indicator of how the children will perform in school;

22 (5) For the school year 2008-2009, thirteen thousand one hundred thirty-five students
23 were enrolled in prekindergarten, a number equal to approximately sixty-three percent of the
24 number of students enrolled in kindergarten;

25 (6) Excluding projected increases due to increases in enrollment in the early childhood
26 education program, projections indicate that total student enrollment in West Virginia will decline
27 by one percent, or by approximately two thousand seven hundred four students, by the school
28 year 2012-2013;

29 (7) In part, because of the dynamics of the state aid formula, county boards will continue
30 to enroll four-year old students to offset the declining enrollments;

31 (8) West Virginia has a comprehensive kindergarten program for five-year olds, but the
32 program was established in a manner that resulted in unequal implementation among the counties
33 which helped create deficit financial situations for several county boards;

34 (9) Expansion of current efforts to implement a comprehensive early childhood education
35 program should avoid the problems encountered in kindergarten implementation;

36 (10) Because of the dynamics of the state aid formula, counties experiencing growth are
37 at a disadvantage in implementing comprehensive early childhood education programs; and

38 (11) West Virginia citizens will benefit from the establishment of quality comprehensive
39 early childhood education programs.

40 (c) Beginning no later than the school year 2012-2013, and continuing thereafter, county
41 boards shall provide early childhood education programs for all children who have attained the
42 age of four prior to September 1 of the school year in which the pupil enters the early childhood
43 education program. Beginning no later than the school year 2016-2017, and continuing thereafter,
44 early childhood education programs that are full day and five days per week shall be available to
45 all children meeting the age requirement set forth in the subsection.

46 (d) The program shall meet the following criteria:

47 (1) It shall be voluntary, except, upon enrollment, the provisions of section one, article
48 eight of this chapter apply to an enrolled student, subject to subdivision (3) of this subsection;

49 (2) All children meeting the age requirement set forth in this section shall have the
50 opportunity to enroll in a program that is full day and five days per week. The program may be for
51 fewer than five days per week and may be less than full day based on family need if a sufficient
52 number of families request such programs and the county board finds that such programs are in
53 the best interest of the requesting families and students: *Provided*, That the ability of families to
54 request programs that are fewer than five days a week or less than a full day does not relieve the
55 county of the obligation to provide all resident children with the opportunity to enroll in a full-day
56 program; and

57 (3) A parent of a child enrolled in an early education program may withdraw a child from
58 that program for good cause by notifying the district. Good cause includes, but is not limited to,
59 enrollment of the child in another program or the immaturity of the child. A child withdrawn under
60 this section is not subject to the attendance provisions of this chapter until that child again enrolls
61 in a public school in this state.

62 (e) Enrollment of students in Head Start, in any other program approved by the state
63 superintendent as provided in subsection (k) of this section may be counted toward satisfying the
64 requirement of subsection (c) of this section.

65 (f) For the purposes of implementation financing, all counties are encouraged to make use
66 of funds from existing sources, including:

67 (1) Federal funds provided under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act pursuant
68 to 20 U. S. C. §6301, *et seq.*;

69 (2) Federal funds provided for Head Start pursuant to 42 U. S. C. §9831, *et seq.*;

70 (3) Federal funds for temporary assistance to needy families pursuant to 42 U. S. C. §601,

71 *et seq.*;

72 (4) Funds provided by the School Building Authority pursuant to article nine-d of this
73 chapter;

74 (5) In the case of counties with declining enrollments, funds from the state aid formula
75 above the amount indicated for the number of students actually enrolled in any school year; and

76 (6) Any other public or private funds.

77 (g) Each county board shall develop a plan for implementing the program required by this
78 section. The plan shall include the following elements:

79 (1) An analysis of the demographics of the county related to early childhood education
80 program implementation;

81 (2) An analysis of facility and personnel needs;

82 (3) Financial requirements for implementation and potential sources of funding to assist
83 implementation;

84 (4) Details of how the county board will cooperate and collaborate with other early
85 childhood education programs including, but not limited to, Head Start, to maximize federal and
86 other sources of revenue;

87 (5) Specific time lines for implementation; and

88 (6) Any other items the state board may require by policy.

89 (h) A county board shall submit its plan to the Secretary of the Department of Health and
90 Human Resources. The secretary shall approve the plan if the following conditions are met:

91 (1) The county board has maximized the use of federal and other available funds for early
92 childhood programs;

93 (2) The county board has provided for the maximum implementation of Head Start
94 programs and other public and private programs approved by the state superintendent pursuant
95 to the terms of subsection (k) of this section; and

96 (3) If the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources finds that the
97 county board has not met one or more of the requirements of this subsection, but that the county
98 board has acted in good faith and the failure to comply was not the primary fault of the county
99 board, then the secretary shall approve the plan. Any denial by the secretary may be appealed to
100 the circuit court of the county in which the county board is located.

101 (i) The county board shall submit its plan for approval to the state board. The state board
102 shall approve the plan if the county board has complied substantially with the requirements of
103 subsection (g) of this section and has obtained the approval required in subsection (h) of this
104 section.

105 (j) Every county board shall submit its plan for reapproval by the Secretary of the
106 Department of Health and Human Resources and by the state board at least every two years after
107 the initial approval of the plan and until full implementation of the early childhood education
108 program in the county. As part of the submission, the county board shall provide a detailed
109 statement of the progress made in implementing its plan. The standards and procedures provided
110 for the original approval of the plan apply to any reapproval.

111 (k) A county board may not increase the total number of students enrolled in the county in
112 an early childhood program until its program is approved by the Secretary of the Department of
113 Health and Human Resources and the state board.

114 (l) The state board annually may grant a county board a waiver for total or partial
115 implementation if the state board finds that all of the following conditions exist:

116 (1) The county board is unable to comply either because:

117 (A) It does not have sufficient facilities available; or

118 (B) It does not and has not had available funds sufficient to implement the program;

119 (2) The county has not experienced a decline in enrollment at least equal to the total
120 number of students to be enrolled; and

121 (3) Other agencies of government have not made sufficient funds or facilities available to
122 assist in implementation.

123 Any county board seeking a waiver shall apply with the supporting data to meet the criteria
124 for which they are eligible on or before March 25 for the following school year. The state
125 superintendent shall grant or deny the requested waiver on or before April 15 of that same year.

126 (m) The provisions of subsections (b), (c) and (d), section eighteen of this article relating
127 to kindergarten apply to early childhood education programs in the same manner in which they
128 apply to kindergarten programs.

129 ~~(n) Annually, the state board shall report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on~~
130 ~~Education Accountability on the progress of implementation of this section.~~

131 ~~(e)~~ (n) Except as required by federal law or regulation, no county board may enroll students
132 who will be less than four years of age prior to September 1 for the year they enter school.

133 ~~(p)~~ (o) Neither the state board nor the state department may provide any funds to any
134 county board for the purpose of implementing this section unless the county board has a plan
135 approved pursuant to subsections (h), (i) and (j) of this section.

136 ~~(q)~~ (p) The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the provisions of article
137 three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the purposes of implementing the provisions of this
138 section. The state board shall consult with the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human
139 Resources in the preparation of the rule. The rule shall contain the following:

140 (1) Standards for curriculum;

141 (2) Standards for preparing students;

142 (3) Attendance requirements;

143 (4) Standards for personnel; and

144 (5) Any other terms necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

145 ~~(r)~~ (q) The rule shall include the following elements relating to curriculum standards:

146 (1) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to address the developmental needs of
147 four-year old children, consistent with prevailing research on how children learn;

148 (2) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to achieve long-range goals for the
149 social, emotional, physical and academic development of young children;

150 (3) A method for including a broad range of content that is relevant, engaging and
151 meaningful to young children;

152 (4) A requirement that the curriculum incorporate a wide variety of learning experiences,
153 materials and equipment, and instructional strategies to respond to differences in prior
154 experience, maturation rates and learning styles that young children bring to the classroom;

155 (5) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to build on what children already know
156 in order to consolidate their learning and foster their acquisition of new concepts and skills;

157 (6) A requirement that the curriculum meet the recognized standards of the relevant
158 subject matter disciplines;

159 (7) A requirement that the curriculum engage children actively in the learning process and
160 provide them with opportunities to make meaningful choices;

161 (8) A requirement that the curriculum emphasize the development of thinking, reasoning,
162 decisionmaking and problem-solving skills;

163 (9) A set of clear guidelines for communicating with parents and involving them in
164 decisions about the instructional needs of their children; and

165 (10) A systematic plan for evaluating program success in meeting the needs of young
166 children and for helping them to be ready to succeed in school.

167 ~~(s) The secretary and the state superintendent shall submit a report to the Legislative~~
168 ~~Oversight Commission on Education Accountability and the Joint Committee on Government and~~
169 ~~Finance which addresses, at a minimum, the following issues:~~

170 ~~(1) A summary of the approved county plans for providing the early childhood education~~

171 ~~programs pursuant to this section;~~

172 ~~(2) An analysis of the total cost to the state and county boards of implementing the plans;~~

173 ~~(3) A separate analysis of the impact of the plans on counties with increasing enrollment;~~

174 and

175 ~~(4) An analysis of the effect of the programs on the maximization of the use of federal~~
176 ~~funds for early childhood programs.~~

177 ~~The intent of this subsection is to enable the Legislature to proceed in a fiscally responsible~~
178 ~~manner, make any necessary program improvements based on reported information prior to~~
179 ~~implementation of the early childhood education programs.~~

180 ~~(t)~~ (r) After the school year 2012-2013, on or before July 1 of each year, each county board
181 shall report the following information to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human
182 Resources and the state superintendent:

183 (1) Documentation indicating the extent to which county boards are maximizing resources
184 by using the existing capacity of community-based programs, including, but not limited to, Head
185 Start and child care; and

186 (2) For those county boards that are including eligible children attending approved,
187 contracted community-based programs in their net enrollment for the purposes of calculating state
188 aid pursuant to article nine-a of this chapter, documentation that the county board is equitably
189 distributing funding for all children regardless of setting.

ARTICLE 20. EDUCATION OF EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN.

§18-20-5. Powers and duties of state superintendent.

1 (a) The State Superintendent of Schools shall organize, promote, administer and be
2 responsible for:

3 (1) Stimulating and assisting county boards of education in establishing, organizing and

4 maintaining special schools, classes, regular class programs, home-teaching and visiting-teacher
5 services.

6 (2) Cooperating with all other public and private agencies engaged in relieving, caring for,
7 curing, educating and rehabilitating exceptional children, and in helping coordinate the services
8 of such agencies.

9 (3) (A) Preparing the necessary rules, policies, formula for distribution of available
10 appropriated funds, reporting forms and procedures necessary to define minimum standards in
11 providing suitable facilities for education of exceptional children and ensuring the employment,
12 certification and approval of qualified teachers and therapists subject to approval by the State
13 Board of Education: *Provided*, That no state rule, policy or standard under this article or any
14 county board rule, policy or standard governing special education may exceed the requirements
15 of federal law or regulation.

16 (B) ~~The state superintendent shall annually review the rules, policies and standards of the~~
17 ~~state and federal law for serving the needs of exceptional children enrolled in the public schools~~
18 ~~and shall report to the Legislative Oversight commission on education accountability by December~~
19 ~~1, or as soon thereafter as requested by the commission, 2008, and in each year thereafter, the~~
20 ~~findings of the review along with an accounting of the services provided and the costs thereof for~~
21 ~~exceptional children enrolled in the public schools of this state during the latest available school~~
22 ~~year.~~ An appropriation shall be made to the Department of Education to be distributed to county
23 boards to support children with high acuity needs that exceed the capacity of county to provide
24 with funds available. Each county board shall apply to the state superintendent for receipt of this
25 funding in a manner set forth by the state superintendent that assesses and takes into account
26 varying acuity levels of the exceptional students. Any remaining funds at the end of a fiscal year
27 from the appropriation shall be carried over to the next fiscal year. When possible, federal funds
28 shall be distributed to county boards for this purpose before any of the state appropriation is

29 distributed. The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the provisions of article
30 three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code that implements the provisions of this subdivision
31 relating to distributing the funds to the county boards. The rule at least shall include a definition
32 for "children with high acuity needs".

33 (4) Receiving from county boards of education their applications, annual reports and
34 claims for reimbursement from such moneys as are appropriated by the Legislature, auditing such
35 claims and preparing vouchers to reimburse said counties the amounts reimbursable to them.

36 (5) Assuring that all exceptional children in the state, including children in mental health
37 facilities, residential institutions, private schools and correctional facilities as provided in section
38 thirteen-f, article two of this chapter receive an education in accordance with state and federal
39 laws: *Provided*, That the state superintendent shall also assure that adults in correctional facilities
40 and regional jails receive an education to the extent funds are provided therefor.

41 (6) Performing other duties and assuming other responsibilities in connection with this
42 program as needed.

43 (7) Receive the county plan for integrated classroom submitted by the county boards of
44 education and submit a state plan, approved by the State Board of Education, to the Legislative
45 Oversight Commission on Education Accountability no later than December 1, 1995.

46 (b) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prevent any county board of
47 education from establishing and maintaining special schools, classes, regular class programs,
48 home-teaching or visiting-teacher services out of funds available from local revenue.

§18-20-8. Interagency plan for exceptional children; advisory council.

1 (a) The state departments of health, human services and education shall enter into a
2 collaborative agreement for the purpose of developing a statewide plan of coordinating
3 comprehensive, multidisciplinary interagency programs providing appropriate early intervention
4 services to all developmentally delayed and at-risk children, ages birth through five years, and

5 their families to be phased in by the school year 1990-99.

6 This comprehensive, coordinated statewide plan shall include, at a minimum:

7 (1) Specification of the population to be served;

8 (2) The development of regulations and procedural safeguards;

9 (3) The development of procedures for administration, supervision and monitoring;

10 (4) The identification and coordination of all available resources; and

11 (5) The development of formal interagency agreements that define the financial
12 responsibility of each agency and all additional components necessary to ensure meaningful
13 cooperation and coordination.

14 (b) To assist in the development of such a plan, an advisory council consisting of twelve
15 members shall be created. The departments of health, human services and education shall each
16 appoint four members, and each shall include in such appointments one parent of an exceptional
17 child under the age of six; one public or private provider of early intervention services for
18 developmentally delayed and at-risk children; one individual involved in the education training of
19 personnel who work with preschool handicapped; and one other person.

20 The functions of the council shall include the following:

21 (1) Meet at least quarterly;

22 (2) Solicit information and opinions from concerned agencies, groups and individuals; and

23 (3) Advise and assist the departments of health, human services and education in the
24 development of the statewide plan herein required. ~~and~~

25 ~~(4) Prepare and submit an annual report by December 1, of each year to the Governor,~~
26 ~~the joint committee on education, the Legislative commission on juvenile law, the Legislative~~
27 ~~Oversight commission on education accountability, and other agencies, as appropriate, which~~
28 ~~report shall recommend policies, procedures and legislation for effectively providing early~~
29 ~~intervention services and reports on the status of existing programs.~~

30 Following the submission of the advisory council's first annual report, the joint committee
31 on education is authorized and empowered to disband the council or alter its functions as it deems
32 advisable.

33 The members of the council may be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses
34 incurred in the performance of their official duties in accordance with state law from appropriations
35 to the departments of health, human services and education or available federal funds.

CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

§18A-2-3. Employment of substitute teachers; employment of retired teachers as substitutes in areas of critical need and shortage; and employment of prospective employable professional personnel.

1 (a) The county superintendent, subject to approval of the county board, may employ and
2 assign substitute teachers to any of the following duties:

3 (1) Fill the temporary absence of any teacher or an unexpired school term made vacant
4 by resignation, death, suspension or dismissal;

5 (2) Fill a teaching position of a regular teacher on leave of absence; and

6 (3) Perform the instructional services of any teacher who is authorized by law to be absent
7 from class without loss of pay, providing the absence is approved by the board of education in
8 accordance with the law.

9 The substitute shall be a duly certified teacher.

10 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, a substitute teacher
11 who has been assigned as a classroom teacher in the same classroom continuously for more
12 than one half of a grading period and whose assignment remains in effect two weeks prior to the
13 end of the grading period, shall remain in the assignment until the grading period has ended,

14 unless the principal of the school certifies that the regularly employed teacher has communicated
15 with and assisted the substitute with the preparation of lesson plans and monitoring student
16 progress or has been approved to return to work by his or her physician. For the purposes of this
17 section, teacher and substitute teacher, in the singular or plural, mean professional educator as
18 defined in section one, article one of this chapter.

19 (c) (1) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that due to a shortage of qualified
20 substitute teachers, a compelling state interest exists in expanding the use of retired teachers to
21 provide service as substitute teachers in areas of critical need and shortage. The Legislature
22 further finds that diverse circumstances exist among the counties for the expanded use of retired
23 teachers as substitutes. For the purposes of this subsection, "area of critical need and shortage
24 for substitute teachers" means an area of certification and training in which the number of
25 available substitute teachers in the county who hold certification and training in that area and who
26 are not retired is insufficient to meet the projected need for substitute teachers.

27 (2) A person receiving retirement benefits under article seven-a, chapter eighteen of this
28 code or who is entitled to retirement benefits during the fiscal year in which that person retired
29 may accept employment as a critical needs substitute teacher for an unlimited number of days
30 each fiscal year without affecting the monthly retirement benefit to which the retirant is otherwise
31 entitled if the following conditions are satisfied:

32 (A) The county board adopts a policy recommended by the superintendent to address
33 areas of critical need and shortage for substitute teachers;

34 (B) The policy sets forth the areas of critical need and shortage for substitute teachers in
35 the county in accordance with the definition of area of critical need and shortage for substitute
36 teachers set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection;

37 (C) The policy provides for the employment of retired teachers as critical needs substitute
38 teachers during the school year on an expanded basis in areas of critical need and shortage for

39 substitute teachers as provided in this subsection;

40 (D) The policy provides that a retired teacher may be employed as a substitute teacher in
41 an area of critical need and shortage for substitute teachers on an expanded basis as provided
42 in this subsection only when no other teacher who holds certification and training in the area and
43 who is not retired is available and accepts the substitute assignment;

44 (E) The policy is effective for one school year only and is subject to annual renewal by the
45 county board;

46 (F) The state board approves the policy and the use of retired teachers as substitute
47 teachers on an expanded basis in areas of critical need and shortage for substitute teachers as
48 provided in this subsection; and

49 (G) Prior to employment of a retired teacher as a critical needs substitute teacher beyond
50 the post-retirement employment limitations established by the Consolidated Public Retirement
51 Board, the superintendent of the affected county submits to the state board in a form approved
52 by the Consolidated Public Retirement Board and the state board, an affidavit signed by the
53 superintendent stating the name of the county, the fact that the county has adopted a policy to
54 employ retired teachers as substitutes to address areas of critical need and shortage, the name
55 or names of the person or persons to be employed as a critical needs substitute pursuant to the
56 policy, the critical need and shortage area position filled by each person, the date that the person
57 gave notice to the county board of the person's intent to retire, and the effective date of the
58 person's retirement. Upon verification of compliance with this section and the eligibility of the
59 critical needs substitute teacher for employment beyond the post-retirement limit, the state board
60 shall submit the affidavit to the Consolidated Public Retirement Board.

61 (3) Any person who retires and begins work as a critical needs substitute teacher within
62 the same employment term shall lose those retirement benefits attributed to the annuity reserve,
63 effective from the first day of employment as a retiree substitute in that employment term and

64 ending with the month following the date the retiree ceases to perform service as a substitute.

65 (4) Retired teachers employed to perform expanded substitute service pursuant to this
66 subsection are considered day-to-day, temporary, part-time employees. The substitutes are not
67 eligible for additional pension or other benefits paid to regularly employed employees and may
68 not accrue seniority.

69 (5) A retired teacher is eligible to be employed as a critical needs substitute to fill a vacant
70 position only if the retired teacher's retirement became effective at least twenty days before the
71 beginning of the employment term during which he or she is employed as a substitute.

72 (6) When a retired teacher is employed as a critical needs substitute to fill a vacant
73 position, the county board shall continue to post the vacant position until it is filled with a regularly
74 employed teacher who is fully certified or permitted for the position.

75 (7) When a retired teacher is employed as a critical needs substitute to fill a vacant
76 position, the position vacancy shall be posted electronically and easily accessible to prospective
77 employees as determined by the state board.

78 (8) Until this subsection is expired pursuant to subdivision (9) of this subsection, the state
79 board, annually, shall report to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance prior to February
80 1 of each year. Additionally, a copy shall be provided to the Legislative Oversight Commission on
81 Education Accountability. The report shall contain information indicating the effectiveness of the
82 provisions of this subsection on reducing the critical need and shortage of substitute teachers
83 including, but not limited to, the number of retired teachers, by critical need and shortage area
84 position filled and by county, employed beyond the post-retirement employment limit established
85 by the Consolidated Public Retirement Board, the date that each person gave notice to the county
86 board of the person's intent to retire, and the effective date of the person's retirement.

87 (9) The provisions of this subsection shall expire on June 30, 2017.

88 (d) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, each year a county

89 superintendent may employ prospective employable professional personnel on a reserve list at
90 the county level subject to the following conditions:

91 (A) The county board adopts a policy to address areas of critical need and shortage as
92 identified by the state board. The policy shall include authorization to employ prospective
93 employable professional personnel;

94 (B) The county board posts a notice of the areas of critical need and shortage in the county
95 in a conspicuous place in each school for at least ten working days; and

96 (C) There are not any potentially qualified applicants available and willing to fill the
97 position.

98 (2) Prospective employable professional personnel may only be employed from
99 candidates at a job fair who have or will graduate from college in the current school year or whose
100 employment contract with a county board has or will be terminated due to a reduction in force in
101 the current fiscal year.

102 (3) Prospective employable professional personnel employed are limited to three full-time
103 prospective employable professional personnel per one hundred professional personnel
104 employed in a county or twenty-five full-time prospective employable professional personnel in a
105 county, whichever is less.

106 (4) Prospective employable professional personnel shall be granted benefits at a cost to
107 the county board and as a condition of the employment contract as approved by the county board.

108 (5) Regular employment status for prospective employable professional personnel may
109 be obtained only in accordance with the provisions of section seven-a, article four of this chapter.

110 ~~(e) The state board annually shall review the status of employing personnel under the~~
111 ~~provisions of subsection (d) of this section and annually shall report to the Legislative Oversight~~
112 ~~Commission on Education Accountability on or before November 1 of each year. The report shall~~
113 ~~include, but not be limited to, the following:~~

- 114 ~~(A) The counties that participated in the program;~~
115 ~~(B) The number of personnel hired;~~
116 ~~(C) The teaching fields in which personnel were hired;~~
117 ~~(D) The venue from which personnel were employed;~~
118 ~~(E) The place of residency of the individual hired; and~~
119 ~~(F) The state board's recommendations on the prospective employable professional~~
120 ~~personnel program.~~

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

§18A-4-7a. Employment, promotion and transfer of professional personnel; seniority.

- 1 (a) A county board of education shall make decisions affecting the filling of vacancies in
2 professional positions of employment on the basis of the applicant with the highest qualifications:
3 *Provided*, That the county superintendent shall be hired under separate criteria pursuant to
4 section two, article four, chapter eighteen of this code.
- 5 (b) In judging qualifications for the filling of vacancies of professional positions of
6 employment, consideration shall be given to each of the following:
- 7 (1) Appropriate certification, licensure or both;
- 8 (2) Amount of experience relevant to the position or, in the case of a classroom teaching
9 position, the amount of teaching experience in the required certification area;
- 10 (3) The amount of course work, degree level or both in the relevant field and degree level
11 generally;
- 12 (4) Academic achievement;
- 13 (5) In the case of a classroom teaching position or the position of principal, certification by
14 the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards;
- 15 (6) Specialized training relevant to the performance of the duties of the job;

16 (7) Past performance evaluations conducted pursuant to section twelve, article two of this
17 chapter and section two, article three-c of this chapter or, in the case of a classroom teacher, past
18 evaluations of the applicant's performance in the teaching profession;

19 (8) Seniority;

20 (9) Other measures or indicators upon which the relative qualifications of the applicant
21 may fairly be judged;

22 (10) In the case of a classroom teaching position, the recommendation of the principal of
23 the school at which the applicant will be performing a majority of his or her duties; and

24 (11) In the case of a classroom teaching position, the recommendation, if any, resulting
25 from the process established pursuant to the provisions of section five, article five-a, chapter
26 eighteen of this code by the faculty senate of the school at which the employee will be performing
27 a majority of his or her duties.

28 (c) In considering the filling of a vacancy pursuant to this section, a county board is entitled
29 to determine the appropriate weight to apply to each of the criterion when assessing an applicant's
30 qualifications: *Provided*, That if one or more permanently employed instructional personnel apply
31 for a classroom teaching position and meet the standards set forth in the job posting, each
32 criterion under subsection (b) of this section shall be given equal weight except that the criterion
33 in subdivisions (10) and (11) shall each be double weighted.

34 (d) For a classroom teaching position, if the recommendations resulting from the
35 operations of subdivisions (10) and (11), subsection (b) of this section are for the same applicant,
36 and the superintendent concurs with that recommendation, then the other provisions of
37 subsections (b) and (c) of this section do not apply and the county board shall appoint that
38 applicant notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary.

39 (e) The state board shall promulgate a rule, including an emergency rule if necessary, in
40 accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement

41 and interpret the provisions of this section, including provisions that may provide for the
42 compensation based on the appropriate daily rate of a classroom teacher who directly participates
43 in making recommendations pursuant to this section for periods beyond his or her individual
44 contract.

45 (f) Recommendations made pursuant to subdivisions (10) and (11), subsection (b) of this
46 section shall be made based on a determination as to which of the applicants is the highest
47 qualified for the position: *Provided*, That nothing in this subsection shall require principals or
48 faculty senates to assign any amount of weight to any factor in making a recommendation.

49 (g) With the exception of guidance counselors, the seniority of classroom teachers, as
50 defined in section one, article one of this chapter, shall be determined on the basis of the length
51 of time the employee has been employed as a regular full-time certified and/or licensed
52 professional educator by the county board of education and shall be granted in all areas that the
53 employee is certified, licensed or both.

54 (h) Upon completion of one hundred thirty-three days of employment in any one school
55 year, substitute teachers, except retired teachers and other retired professional educators
56 employed as substitutes, shall accrue seniority exclusively for the purpose of applying for
57 employment as a permanent, full-time professional employee. One hundred thirty-three days or
58 more of said employment shall be prorated and shall vest as a fraction of the school year worked
59 by the permanent, full-time teacher.

60 (i) Guidance counselors and all other professional employees, as defined in section one,
61 article one of this chapter, except classroom teachers, shall gain seniority in their nonteaching
62 area of professional employment on the basis of the length of time the employee has been
63 employed by the county board of education in that area: *Provided*, That if an employee is certified
64 as a classroom teacher, the employee accrues classroom teaching seniority for the time that that
65 employee is employed in another professional area. For the purposes of accruing seniority under

66 this paragraph, employment as principal, supervisor or central office administrator, as defined in
67 section one, article one of this chapter, shall be considered one area of employment.

68 (j) Employment for a full employment term shall equal one year of seniority, but no
69 employee may accrue more than one year of seniority during any given fiscal year. Employment
70 for less than the full employment term shall be prorated. A random selection system established
71 by the employees and approved by the board shall be used to determine the priority if two or more
72 employees accumulate identical seniority: *Provided*, That when two or more principals have
73 accumulated identical seniority, decisions on reductions in force shall be based on qualifications.

74 (k) Whenever a county board is required to reduce the number of professional personnel
75 in its employment, the employee with the least amount of seniority shall be properly notified and
76 released from employment pursuant to the provisions of section two, article two of this chapter.
77 The provisions of this subsection are subject to the following:

78 (1) All persons employed in a certification area to be reduced who are employed under a
79 temporary permit shall be properly notified and released before a fully certified employee in such
80 a position is subject to release;

81 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, all employees subject to
82 release shall be considered applicants for any vacancy in an established, existing or newly
83 created position that, on or before February 15, is known to exist for the ensuing school year, and
84 for which they are qualified, and, upon recommendation of the superintendent, the board shall
85 appoint the successful applicant from among them before posting such vacancies for application
86 by other persons;

87 (3) An employee subject to release shall be employed in any other professional position
88 where the employee is certified and was previously employed or to any lateral area for which the
89 employee is certified, licensed or both, if the employee's seniority is greater than the seniority of
90 any other employee in that area of certification, licensure or both;

91 (4) If an employee subject to release holds certification, licensure or both in more than one
92 lateral area and if the employee's seniority is greater than the seniority of any other employee in
93 one or more of those areas of certification, licensure or both, the employee subject to release
94 shall be employed in the professional position held by the employee with the least seniority in any
95 of those areas of certification, licensure or both; and

96 (5) If, prior to August 1 of the year a reduction in force is approved, the reason for any
97 particular reduction in force no longer exists as determined by the county board in its sole and
98 exclusive judgment, the board shall rescind the reduction in force or transfer and shall notify the
99 released employee in writing of his or her right to be restored to his or her position of employment.
100 Within five days of being so notified, the released employee shall notify the board, in writing, of
101 his or her intent to resume his or her position of employment or the right to be restored shall
102 terminate. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if there is another employee on
103 the preferred recall list with proper certification and higher seniority, that person shall be placed
104 in the position restored as a result of the reduction in force being rescinded.

105 (l) For the purpose of this article, all positions which meet the definition of "classroom
106 teacher" as defined in section one, article one of this chapter shall be lateral positions. For all
107 other professional positions, the county board of education shall adopt a policy by October 31,
108 1993, and may modify the policy thereafter as necessary, which defines which positions shall be
109 lateral positions. ~~The board shall submit a copy of its policy to the state board within thirty days of~~
110 ~~adoption or any modification, and the state board shall compile a report and submit the report to~~
111 ~~the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability by December 31, 1993, and~~
112 ~~by that date in any succeeding year in which any county board submits a modification of its policy~~
113 ~~relating to lateral positions.~~ In adopting the policy, the board shall give consideration to the rank
114 of each position in terms of title; nature of responsibilities; salary level; certification, licensure or
115 both; and days in the period of employment.

116 (m) After the twentieth day prior to the beginning of the instructional term, no person
117 employed and assigned to a professional position may transfer to another professional position
118 in the county during that instructional term unless the person holding that position does not have
119 valid certification. The provisions of this subsection are subject to the following:

120 (1) The person may apply for any posted, vacant positions with the successful applicant
121 assuming the position at the beginning of the next instructional term;

122 (2) Professional personnel who have been on an approved leave of absence may fill these
123 vacancies upon their return from the approved leave of absence;

124 (3) The county board, upon recommendation of the superintendent may fill a position
125 before the next instructional term when it is determined to be in the best interest of the students.
126 The county superintendent shall notify the state board of each transfer of a person employed in a
127 professional position to another professional position after the twentieth day prior to the beginning
128 of the instructional term;

129 (4) The provisions of this subsection do not apply to the filling of a position vacated
130 because of resignation or retirement that became effective on or before the twentieth day prior to
131 the beginning of the instructional term, but not posted until after that date; and

132 (5) The Legislature finds that it is not in the best interest of the students, particularly in the
133 elementary grades, to have multiple teachers for any one grade level or course during the
134 instructional term. It is the intent of the Legislature that the filling of positions through transfers of
135 personnel from one professional position to another after the twentieth day prior to the beginning
136 of the instructional term should be kept to a minimum.

137 (n) All professional personnel whose seniority with the county board is insufficient to allow
138 their retention by the county board during a reduction in work force shall be placed upon a
139 preferred recall list. As to any professional position opening within the area where they had
140 previously been employed or to any lateral area for which they have certification, licensure or

141 both, the employee shall be recalled on the basis of seniority if no regular, full-time professional
142 personnel, or those returning from leaves of absence with greater seniority, are qualified, apply
143 for and accept the position.

144 (o) Before position openings that are known or expected to extend for twenty consecutive
145 employment days or longer for professional personnel may be filled by the board, the board shall
146 be required to notify all qualified professional personnel on the preferred list and give them an
147 opportunity to apply, but failure to apply shall not cause the employee to forfeit any right to recall.
148 The notice shall be sent by certified mail to the last known address of the employee, and it shall
149 be the duty of each professional personnel to notify the board of continued availability annually,
150 of any change in address or of any change in certification, licensure or both.

151 (p) Openings in established, existing or newly created positions shall be processed as
152 follows:

153 (1) Boards shall be required to post and date notices of each opening at least once. At
154 their discretion, boards may post an opening for a position other than classroom teacher more
155 than once in order to attract more qualified applicants. At their discretion, boards may post an
156 opening for a classroom teacher one additional time after the first posting in order to attract more
157 qualified applicants only if fewer than three individuals apply during the first posting subject to the
158 following:

159 (A) Each notice shall be posted in conspicuous working places for all professional
160 personnel to observe for at least five working days;

161 (B) At least one notice shall be posted within twenty working days of the position openings
162 and shall include the job description;

163 (C) Any special criteria or skills that are required by the position shall be specifically stated
164 in the job description and directly related to the performance of the job;

165 (D) Postings for vacancies made pursuant to this section shall be written so as to ensure

166 that the largest possible pool of qualified applicants may apply; and

167 (E) Job postings may not require criteria which are not necessary for the successful
168 performance of the job and may not be written with the intent to favor a specific applicant;

169 (2) No vacancy shall be filled until after the five-day minimum posting period of the most
170 recent posted notice of the vacancy;

171 (3) If one or more applicants under all the postings for a vacancy meets the qualifications
172 listed in the job posting, the successful applicant to fill the vacancy shall be selected by the board
173 within thirty working days of the end of the first posting period;

174 (4) A position held by a teacher who is certified, licensed or both, who has been issued a
175 permit for full-time employment and is working toward certification in the permit area shall not be
176 subject to posting if the certificate is awarded within five years; and

177 (5) Nothing provided herein shall prevent the county board of education from eliminating
178 a position due to lack of need.

179 (q) Notwithstanding any other provision of the code to the contrary, where the total number
180 of classroom teaching positions in an elementary school does not increase from one school year
181 to the next, but there exists in that school a need to realign the number of teachers in one or more
182 grade levels, kindergarten through six, teachers at the school may be reassigned to grade levels
183 for which they are certified without that position being posted: *Provided*, That the employee and
184 the county board mutually agree to the reassignment.

185 (r) Reductions in classroom teaching positions in elementary schools shall be processed
186 as follows:

187 (1) When the total number of classroom teaching positions in an elementary school needs
188 to be reduced, the reduction shall be made on the basis of seniority with the least senior classroom
189 teacher being recommended for transfer; and

190 (2) When a specified grade level needs to be reduced and the least senior employee in

191 the school is not in that grade level, the least senior classroom teacher in the grade level that
192 needs to be reduced shall be reassigned to the position made vacant by the transfer of the least
193 senior classroom teacher in the school without that position being posted: *Provided*, That the
194 employee is certified, licensed or both and agrees to the reassignment.

195 (s) Any board failing to comply with the provisions of this article may be compelled to do
196 so by mandamus and shall be liable to any party prevailing against the board for court costs and
197 reasonable attorney fees as determined and established by the court. Further, employees denied
198 promotion or employment in violation of this section shall be awarded the job, pay and any
199 applicable benefits retroactive to the date of the violation and payable entirely from local funds.
200 Further, the board shall be liable to any party prevailing against the board for any court reporter
201 costs including copies of transcripts.

202 (t) The county board shall compile, update annually on July 1 and make available by
203 electronic or other means to all employees a list of all professional personnel employed by the
204 county, their areas of certification and their seniority.

205 (u) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, upon recommendation
206 of the principal and approval by the classroom teacher and county board, a classroom teacher
207 assigned to the school may at any time be assigned to a new or existing classroom teacher
208 position at the school without the position being posted.

209 (v) The amendments to this section during the 2013 regular session of the Legislature
210 shall be effective for school years beginning on or after July 1, 2013, and the provisions of this
211 section immediately prior to those amendments remain in effect until July 1, 2013.

ARTICLE 5. AUTHORITY; RIGHTS; RESPONSIBILITY.

**§18A-5-1a. Possessing deadly weapons on premises of educational facilities; possessing
a controlled substance on premises of educational facilities; assaults and batteries**

committed by students upon teachers or other school personnel; temporary suspension, hearing; procedure, notice and formal hearing; extended suspension; sale of narcotic; expulsion; exception; alternative education.

1 (a) A principal shall suspend a student from school or from transportation to or from the
2 school on any school bus if the student, in the determination of the principal after an informal
3 hearing pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, has: (i) Violated the provisions of subsection
4 (b), section fifteen, article two, chapter sixty-one of this code; (ii) violated the provisions of
5 subsection (b), section eleven-a, article seven of said chapter; or (iii) sold a narcotic drug, as
6 defined in section one hundred one, article one, chapter sixty-a of this code, on the premises of
7 an educational facility, at a school-sponsored function or on a school bus. If a student has been
8 suspended pursuant to this subsection, the principal shall, within twenty-four hours, request that
9 the county superintendent recommend to the county board that the student be expelled. Upon
10 such a request by a principal, the county superintendent shall recommend to the county board
11 that the student be expelled. Upon such recommendation, the county board shall conduct a
12 hearing in accordance with subsections (e), (f) and (g) of this section to determine if the student
13 committed the alleged violation. If the county board finds that the student did commit the alleged
14 violation, the county board shall expel the student.

15 (b) A principal shall suspend a student from school, or from transportation to or from the
16 school on any school bus, if the student, in the determination of the principal after an informal
17 hearing pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, has: (i) Committed an act or engaged in conduct
18 that would constitute a felony under the laws of this state if committed by an adult; or (ii) unlawfully
19 possessed on the premises of an educational facility or at a school-sponsored function a
20 controlled substance governed by the Uniform Controlled Substances Act as described in chapter
21 sixty-a of this code. If a student has been suspended pursuant to this subsection, the principal
22 may request that the superintendent recommend to the county board that the student be expelled.

23 Upon such recommendation by the county superintendent, the county board may hold a hearing
24 in accordance with the provisions of subsections (e), (f) and (g) of this section to determine if the
25 student committed the alleged violation. If the county board finds that the student did commit the
26 alleged violation, the county board may expel the student.

27 (c) A principal may suspend a student from school, or transportation to or from the school
28 on any school bus, if the student, in the determination of the principal after an informal hearing
29 pursuant to subsection (d) of this section: (i) Threatened to injure, or in any manner injured, a
30 student, teacher, administrator or other school personnel; (ii) willfully disobeyed a teacher; (iii)
31 possessed alcohol in an educational facility, on school grounds, a school bus or at any school-
32 sponsored function; (iv) used profane language directed at a school employee or student; (v)
33 intentionally defaced any school property; (vi) participated in any physical altercation with another
34 person while under the authority of school personnel; or (vii) habitually violated school rules or
35 policies. If a student has been suspended pursuant to this subsection, the principal may request
36 that the superintendent recommend to the county board that the student be expelled. Upon such
37 recommendation by the county superintendent, the county board may hold a hearing in
38 accordance with the provisions of subsections (e), (f) and (g) of this section to determine if the
39 student committed the alleged violation. If the county board finds that the student did commit the
40 alleged violation, the county board may expel the student.

41 (d) The actions of any student which may be grounds for his or her suspension or
42 expulsion under the provisions of this section shall be reported immediately to the principal of the
43 school in which the student is enrolled. If the principal determines that the alleged actions of the
44 student would be grounds for suspension, he or she shall conduct an informal hearing for the
45 student immediately after the alleged actions have occurred. The hearing shall be held before the
46 student is suspended unless the principal believes that the continued presence of the student in
47 the school poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disrupting

48 the academic process, in which case the student shall be suspended immediately and a hearing
49 held as soon as practicable after the suspension.

50 The student and his or her parent(s), guardian(s) or custodian(s), as the case may be,
51 shall be given telephonic notice, if possible, of this informal hearing, which notice shall briefly state
52 the grounds for suspension.

53 At the commencement of the informal hearing, the principal shall inquire of the student as
54 to whether he or she admits or denies the charges. If the student does not admit the charges, he
55 or she shall be given an explanation of the evidence possessed by the principal and an opportunity
56 to present his or her version of the occurrence. At the conclusion of the hearing or upon the failure
57 of the noticed student to appear, the principal may suspend the student for a maximum of ten
58 school days, including the time prior to the hearing, if any, for which the student has been excluded
59 from school.

60 The principal shall report any suspension the same day it has been decided upon, in
61 writing, to the parent(s), guardian(s) or custodian(s) of the student by regular United States mail.
62 The suspension also shall be reported to the county superintendent and to the faculty senate of
63 the school at the next meeting after the suspension.

64 (e) Prior to a hearing before the county board, the county board shall cause a written
65 notice which states the charges and the recommended disposition to be served upon the student
66 and his or her parent(s), guardian(s) or custodian(s), as the case may be. The notice shall state
67 clearly whether the board will attempt at hearing to establish the student as a dangerous student,
68 as defined by section one, article one of this chapter. The notice also shall include any evidence
69 upon which the board will rely in asserting its claim that the student is a dangerous student. The
70 notice shall set forth a date and time at which the hearing shall be held, which date shall be within
71 the ten-day period of suspension imposed by the principal.

72 (f) The county board shall hold the scheduled hearing to determine if the student should

73 be reinstated or should, under the provisions of this section, must be expelled from school. If the
74 county board determines that the student should or must be expelled from school, it also may
75 determine whether the student is a dangerous student pursuant to subsection (g) of this section.
76 At this, or any hearing before a county board conducted pursuant to this section, the student may
77 be represented by counsel, may call his or her own witnesses to verify his or her version of the
78 incident and may confront and cross examine witnesses supporting the charge against him or
79 her. The hearing shall be recorded by mechanical means unless recorded by a certified court
80 reporter. The hearing may be postponed for good cause shown by the student but he or she shall
81 remain under suspension until after the hearing. The state board may adopt other supplementary
82 rules of procedure to be followed in these hearings. At the conclusion of the hearing the county
83 board shall either: (1) Order the student reinstated immediately at the end of his or her initial
84 suspension; (2) suspend the student for a further designated number of days; or (3) expel the
85 student from the public schools of the county.

86 (g) A county board that did not intend prior to a hearing to assert a dangerous student
87 claim, that did not notify the student prior to the hearing that a dangerous student determination
88 would be considered and that determines through the course of the hearing that the student may
89 be a dangerous student shall schedule a second hearing within ten days to decide the issue. The
90 hearing may be postponed for good cause shown by the student, but he or she remains under
91 suspension until after the hearing.

92 A county board that expels a student, and finds that the student is a dangerous student,
93 may refuse to provide alternative education. However, after a hearing conducted pursuant to this
94 section for determining whether a student is a dangerous student, when the student is found to
95 be a dangerous student, is expelled and is denied alternative education, a hearing shall be
96 conducted within three months after the refusal by the board to provide alternative education to
97 reexamine whether or not the student remains a dangerous student and whether the student shall

98 be provided alternative education. Thereafter, a hearing for the purpose of reexamining whether
99 or not the student remains a dangerous student and whether the student shall be provided
100 alternative education shall be conducted every three months for so long as the student remains
101 a dangerous student and is denied alternative education. During the initial hearing, or in any
102 subsequent hearing, the board may consider the history of the student's conduct as well as any
103 improvements made subsequent to the expulsion. If it is determined during any of the hearings
104 that the student is no longer a dangerous student or should be provided alternative education, the
105 student shall be provided alternative education during the remainder of the expulsion period.

106 (h) The superintendent may apply to a circuit judge or magistrate for authority to subpoena
107 witnesses and documents, upon his or her own initiative, in a proceeding related to a
108 recommended student expulsion or dangerous student determination, before a county board
109 conducted pursuant to the provisions of this section. Upon the written request of any other party,
110 the superintendent shall apply to a circuit judge or magistrate for the authority to subpoena
111 witnesses, documents or both on behalf of the other party in a proceeding related to a
112 recommended student expulsion or dangerous student determination before a county board. If
113 the authority to subpoena is granted, the superintendent shall subpoena the witnesses,
114 documents or both requested by the other party. Furthermore, if the authority to subpoena is
115 granted, it shall be exercised in accordance with the provisions of section one, article five, chapter
116 twenty-nine-a of this code.

117 Any hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection may be postponed: (1) For good cause
118 shown by the student; (2) when proceedings to compel a subpoenaed witness to appear must be
119 instituted; or (3) when a delay in service of a subpoena hinders either party's ability to provide
120 sufficient notice to appear to a witness. A student remains under suspension until after the hearing
121 in any case where a postponement occurs.

122 ~~The county boards are directed to report the number of students determined to be~~

123 ~~dangerous students to the state board. The state board will compile the county boards' statistics~~
124 ~~and shall report its findings to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability.~~

125 (i) Students may be expelled pursuant to this section for a period not to exceed one school
126 year, except that if a student is determined to have violated the provisions of subsection (a) of
127 this section the student shall be expelled for a period of not less than twelve consecutive months,
128 subject to the following:

129 (1) The county superintendent may lessen the mandatory period of twelve consecutive
130 months for the expulsion of the student if the circumstances of the student's case demonstrably
131 warrant;

132 (2) Upon the reduction of the period of expulsion, the county superintendent shall prepare
133 a written statement setting forth the circumstances of the student's case which warrant the
134 reduction of the period of expulsion. The county superintendent shall submit the statement to the
135 county board, the principal, the faculty senate and the local school improvement council for the
136 school from which the student was expelled. The county superintendent may use the following
137 factors as guidelines in determining whether or not to reduce a mandatory twelve-month
138 expulsion:

139 (A) The extent of the student's malicious intent;

140 (B) The outcome of the student's misconduct;

141 (C) The student's past behavior history;

142 (D) The likelihood of the student's repeated misconduct; and

143 (E) If applicable, successful completion or making satisfactory progress toward successful
144 completion of Juvenile Drug Court pursuant to section one-d of this section.

145 (j) In all hearings under this section, facts shall be found by a preponderance of the
146 evidence.

147 (k) For purposes of this section, nothing herein may be construed to be in conflict with the

148 federal provisions of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U. S. C. §1400, *et seq.*

149 (l) Each suspension or expulsion imposed upon a student under the authority of this
150 section shall be recorded in the uniform integrated regional computer information system
151 (commonly known as the West Virginia Education Information System) described in subsection
152 (f), section twenty-six, article two, chapter eighteen of this code.

153 (1) The principal of the school at which the student is enrolled shall create an electronic
154 record within twenty-four hours of the imposition of the suspension or expulsion.

155 (2) Each record of a suspension or expulsion shall include the student's name and
156 identification number, the reason for the suspension or expulsion and the beginning and ending
157 dates of the suspension or expulsion.

158 (3) The state board shall collect and disseminate data so that any principal of a public
159 school in West Virginia can review the complete history of disciplinary actions taken by West
160 Virginia public schools against any student enrolled or seeking to enroll at that principal's school.
161 The purposes of this provision are to allow every principal to fulfill his or her duty under subsection
162 (b), section fifteen-f, article five, chapter eighteen of this code to determine whether a student
163 requesting to enroll at a public school in West Virginia is currently serving a suspension or
164 expulsion from another public school in West Virginia and to allow principals to obtain general
165 information about students' disciplinary histories.

166 (m) Principals may exercise any other authority and perform any other duties to discipline
167 students consistent with state and federal law, including policies of the state board.

168 (n) Each county board is solely responsible for the administration of proper discipline in
169 the public schools of the county and shall adopt policies consistent with the provisions of this
170 section to govern disciplinary actions.

171 (o) For the purpose of this section, "principal" means the principal, assistant principal, vice
172 principal or the administrative head of the school or a professional personnel designee of the

173 principal or the administrative head of the school.

CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 1. GOVERNANCE.

§18B-1-10. Potomac branch of West Virginia University.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, by July 1, 2005,
2 Potomac State College shall merge and consolidate with West Virginia University, and become a
3 fully integrated division of the university. All administrative and academic units shall be
4 consolidated with primary responsibility for direction and support assigned to West Virginia
5 University. The advisory board previously appointed for Potomac State College shall be known
6 as the board of visitors and shall provide guidance to the division in carrying out its mission.

7 (b) Operational costs for the Potomac campus may not exceed by more than ten percent
8 the average cost per full-time equivalent student for freestanding community and technical
9 colleges or the southern regional education board average expenditures for two-year institutions.
10 West Virginia University shall reduce these costs to the mandated level within four years.

11 (c) Auxiliary enterprises shall be incorporated into the West Virginia University auxiliary
12 enterprise system. The West Virginia University Board of Governors shall determine if operations
13 at the Potomac campus can be operated on a self-sufficient basis when establishing rates for
14 auxiliary services and products.

15 (d) Potomac State College has a strong reputation in agriculture and forestry instruction,
16 preprofessional programs in business, computer science and education, and basic liberal arts
17 instruction. These programs shall be further cultivated and emphasized as the sustaining mission
18 of the Potomac campus over the next decade, except that the Higher Education Policy
19 Commission may change the mission of the Potomac campus at any time the commission
20 determines appropriate. In order to focus its resources on these programs, the campus shall

21 contract through Eastern West Virginia Community and Technical College to provide work force
22 development training, literacy education and technical education programs which are most
23 efficiently offered within a flexible community and technical college curriculum. This collaborative
24 relationship shall serve to strengthen both institutions and generate a model relationship between
25 traditional and community and technical college education for institutions throughout the state.

26 ~~(e) Beginning November 1, 2003, and annually thereafter, Potomac state college and~~
27 ~~eastern West Virginia community and technical college shall report to the Higher Education Policy~~
28 ~~Commission on plans, accomplishments and recommendations in implementing the cooperative~~
29 ~~relationship authorized in subsection (d) of this section. The commission shall report to the~~
30 ~~Legislative Oversight commission on education accountability on the cooperative activities,~~
31 ~~results and recommendations for changes by December 15, 2003, and annually thereafter.~~

ARTICLE 1B. HIGHER EDUCATION POLICY COMMISSION.

18B-1B-4. Powers and duties of Higher Education Policy Commission.

1 (a) The primary responsibility of the commission is to develop, establish and implement
2 policy that will achieve the goals, objectives and priorities found in section one-a, article one and
3 article one-d of this chapter. The commission shall exercise its authority and carry out its
4 responsibilities in a manner that is consistent and not in conflict with the powers and duties
5 assigned by law to the West Virginia Council for Community and Technical College Education
6 and the powers and duties assigned to the governing boards. To that end, the commission has
7 the following powers and duties relating to the governing boards under its jurisdiction:

8 (1) Develop, oversee and advance the public policy agenda pursuant to article one-d of
9 this chapter to address major challenges facing the state, including, but not limited to, the
10 following:

11 (A) The goals, objectives and priorities established in this chapter including specifically

12 those goals, objectives and priorities pertaining to the compacts created pursuant to section
13 seven, article one-d of this chapter; and

14 (B) Development and implementation of the master plan described in section five, article
15 one-d of this chapter for the purpose of accomplishing the mandates of this section;

16 (2) Develop, oversee and advance the promulgation and implementation of a financing
17 rule for state institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction. The rule shall meet the following
18 criteria:

19 (A) Provide for an adequate level of educational and general funding for institutions
20 pursuant to section five, article one-a of this chapter;

21 (B) Serve to maintain institutional assets, including, but not limited to, human and physical
22 resources and eliminating deferred maintenance; and

23 (C) Invest and provide incentives for achieving the priority goals in the public policy
24 agenda, including, but not limited to, those found in section one-a, article one and article one-d of
25 this chapter;

26 (3) In collaboration with the council, create a policy leadership structure capable of the
27 following actions:

28 (A) Developing, building public consensus around and sustaining attention to a long-range
29 public policy agenda. In developing the agenda, the commission and council shall seek input from
30 the Legislature and the Governor and specifically from the state Board of Education and local
31 school districts in order to create the necessary linkages to assure smooth, effective and
32 seamless movement of students through the public education and post-secondary education
33 systems and to ensure that the needs of public school courses and programs can be fulfilled by
34 the graduates produced and the programs offered;

35 (B) Ensuring that the governing boards carry out their duty effectively to govern the
36 individual institutions of higher education; and

37 (C) Holding the governing boards and the higher education systems as a whole
38 accountable for accomplishing their missions and implementing their compacts;

39 (4) Develop and adopt each compact for the governing boards under its jurisdiction;

40 (5) Review and adopt the annual updates of the institutional compacts;

41 (6) Serve as the accountability point to state policymakers:

42 (A) The Governor for implementation of the public policy agenda; and

43 (B) The Legislature by maintaining a close working relationship with the legislative
44 leadership and the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability;

45 (7) Jointly with the council, promulgate legislative rules pursuant to article three-a, chapter
46 twenty-nine-a of this code to fulfill the purposes of section five, article one-a of this chapter;

47 (8) Establish and implement a peer group for each institution as described in section three,
48 article one-a of this chapter;

49 (9) Establish and implement the benchmarks and performance indicators necessary to
50 measure institutional progress in achieving state policy priorities and institutional missions
51 pursuant to section seven, article one-d of this chapter;

52 ~~(10) Report to the Legislature and to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education~~
53 ~~Accountability annually during the January interim meeting period on a date and at a time and~~
54 ~~location to be determined by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of~~
55 ~~Delegates. The report shall address at least the following:~~

56 ~~(A) The performance of its system of higher education during the previous fiscal year,~~
57 ~~including, but not limited to, progress in meeting the goals, objectives and priorities set forth in~~
58 ~~section one-a, article one and article one-d of this chapter and in the commission's master plan~~
59 ~~and institutional compacts;~~

60 ~~(B) The commission's priorities for new operating and capital investments and the~~
61 ~~justification for the priority;~~

62 ~~(C) Recommendations of the commission for statutory changes necessary or expedient~~
63 ~~to achieve state goals, objectives and priorities;~~

64 ~~(11)~~(10) Establish a formal process for identifying capital investment needs and for
65 determining priorities for these investments for consideration by the Governor and the Legislature
66 as part of the appropriation request process pursuant to article nineteen of this chapter;

67 ~~(12)~~(11) Develop standards and evaluate governing board requests for capital project
68 financing in accordance with article nineteen of this chapter;

69 ~~(13)~~(12) Ensure that governing boards manage capital projects and facilities needs
70 effectively, including review and approval or disapproval of capital projects, in accordance with
71 article nineteen of this chapter;

72 ~~(14)~~(13) Acquire legal services as considered necessary, including representation of the
73 commission, its governing boards, employees and officers before any court or administrative
74 body, notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary. The counsel may be
75 employed either on a salaried basis or on a reasonable fee basis. In addition, the commission
76 may, but is not required to, call upon the Attorney General for legal assistance and representation
77 as provided by law;

78 ~~(15)~~(14) Employ a Chancellor for Higher Education pursuant to section five of this article;

79 ~~(16)~~(15) Employ other staff as necessary and appropriate to carry out the duties and
80 responsibilities of the commission and the council, in accordance with article four of this chapter;

81 ~~(17)~~(16) Provide suitable offices in Kanawha County for the chancellor, vice chancellors
82 and other staff;

83 ~~(18)~~(17) Advise and consent in the appointment of the presidents of the institutions of
84 higher education under its jurisdiction pursuant to section six of this article. The role of the
85 commission in approving an institutional president is to assure through personal interview that the
86 person selected understands and is committed to achieving the goals, objectives and priorities

87 set forth in the compact, in section one-a, article one and article one-d of this chapter;

88 ~~(19)~~(18) Approve the total compensation package from all sources for presidents of
89 institutions under its jurisdiction, as proposed by the governing boards. The governing boards
90 must obtain approval from the commission of the total compensation package both when
91 institutional presidents are employed initially and afterward when any change is made in the
92 amount of the total compensation package;

93 ~~(20)~~(19) Establish and implement the policy of the state to assure that parents and
94 students have sufficient information at the earliest possible age on which to base academic
95 decisions about what is required for students to be successful in college, other post-secondary
96 education and careers related, as far as possible, to results from current assessment tools in use
97 in West Virginia;

98 ~~(21)~~(20) Approve and implement a uniform standard jointly with the council to determine
99 which students shall be placed in remedial or developmental courses. The standard shall be
100 aligned with college admission tests and assessment tools used in West Virginia and shall be
101 applied uniformly by the governing boards throughout the public higher education system. The
102 chancellors shall develop a clear, concise explanation of the standard which they shall
103 communicate to the State Board of Education and the State Superintendent of Schools;

104 ~~(22)~~(21) Jointly with the council, develop and implement an oversight plan to manage
105 systemwide technology including, but not limited to, the following:

106 (A) Expanding distance learning and technology networks to enhance teaching and
107 learning, promote access to quality educational offerings with minimum duplication of effort; and

108 (B) Increasing the delivery of instruction to nontraditional students, to provide services to
109 business and industry and increase the management capabilities of the higher education system.

110 (C) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or this code to the contrary, the council,
111 commission and governing boards are not subject to the jurisdiction of the Chief Technology

112 Officer for any purpose;

113 ~~(23)~~(22) Establish and implement policies and procedures to ensure that a student may
114 transfer and apply toward the requirements for a bachelor's degree the maximum number of
115 credits earned at any regionally accredited in-state or out-of-state community and technical
116 college with as few requirements to repeat courses or to incur additional costs as are consistent
117 with sound academic policy;

118 ~~(24)~~(23) Establish and implement policies and procedures to ensure that a student may
119 transfer and apply toward the requirements for a degree the maximum number of credits earned
120 at any regionally accredited in-state or out-of-state higher education institution with as few
121 requirements to repeat courses or to incur additional costs as are consistent with sound academic
122 policy;

123 ~~(25)~~(24) Establish and implement policies and procedures to ensure that a student may
124 transfer and apply toward the requirements for a master's degree the maximum number of credits
125 earned at any regionally accredited in-state or out-of-state higher education institution with as few
126 requirements to repeat courses or to incur additional costs as are consistent with sound academic
127 policy;

128 ~~(26)~~(25) Establish and implement policies and programs, in cooperation with the council
129 and the governing boards, through which a student who has gained knowledge and skills through
130 employment, participation in education and training at vocational schools or other education
131 institutions, or Internet-based education programs, may demonstrate by competency-based
132 assessment that he or she has the necessary knowledge and skills to be granted academic credit
133 or advanced placement standing toward the requirements of an associate's degree or a bachelor's
134 degree at a state institution of higher education;

135 ~~(27)~~(26) Seek out and attend regional, national and international meetings and forums on
136 education and workforce development-related topics as, in the commission's discretion, are

137 critical for the performance of their duties as members, for the purpose of keeping abreast of
138 education trends and policies to aid it in developing the policies for this state to meet the
139 established education goals, objectives and priorities pursuant to section one-a, article one and
140 article one-d of this chapter;

141 ~~(28)~~(27) Promulgate and implement a rule for higher education governing boards and
142 institutions to follow when considering capital projects pursuant to article nineteen of this chapter;

143 ~~(29)~~(28) Consider and submit to the appropriate agencies of the executive and legislative
144 branches of state government an appropriation request that reflects recommended appropriations
145 for the commission and the governing boards under its jurisdiction. The commission shall submit
146 as part of its appropriation request the separate recommended appropriation request it received
147 from the council, both for the council and for the governing boards under the council's jurisdiction.
148 The commission annually shall submit the proposed allocations based on each institution's
149 progress toward meeting the goals of its compact;

150 ~~(30)~~(29) The commission may assess institutions under its jurisdiction, including Marshall
151 University and West Virginia University, for the payment of expenses of the commission or for the
152 funding of statewide higher education services, obligations or initiatives related to the goals set
153 forth for the provision of public higher education in the state;

154 ~~(31)~~(30) Promulgate rules allocating reimbursement of appropriations, if made available
155 by the Legislature, to governing boards for qualifying noncapital expenditures incurred in providing
156 services to students with physical, learning or severe sensory disabilities;

157 ~~(32)~~(31) Make appointments to boards and commissions where this code requires
158 appointments from the State College System Board of Directors or the University of West Virginia
159 System Board of Trustees which were abolished effective June 30, 2000, except in those cases
160 where the required appointment has a specific and direct connection to the provision of
161 community and technical college education, the appointment shall be made by the council.

162 Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary, the commission or the council may
163 appoint one of its own members or any other citizen of the state as its designee. The commission
164 and council shall appoint the total number of persons in the aggregate required to be appointed
165 by these previous governing boards;

166 ~~(33)~~(32) Pursuant to article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and section six,
167 article one of this chapter, promulgate rules necessary or expedient to fulfill the purposes of this
168 chapter. The commission and the council shall promulgate a uniform joint legislative rule for the
169 purposes of standardizing, as much as possible, the administration of personnel matters among
170 the state institutions of higher education and implementing the provisions of articles seven, eight,
171 nine and nine-a of this chapter;

172 ~~(34)~~(33) Determine when a joint rule among the governing boards under its jurisdiction is
173 necessary or required by law and, in those instances, in consultation with the governing boards
174 under its jurisdiction, promulgate the joint rule;

175 ~~(35)~~(34) Promulgate and implement a rule jointly with the council whereby course credit
176 earned at a community and technical college transfers for program credit at any other state
177 institution of higher education and is not limited to fulfilling a general education requirement;

178 ~~(36)~~(35) By October 1, 2011, promulgate a rule pursuant to section one, article ten of this
179 chapter, establishing tuition and fee policy for all governing boards under the jurisdiction of the
180 commission, including Marshall University and West Virginia University. The rule shall include,
181 but is not limited to, the following:

- 182 (A) Comparisons with peer institutions;
- 183 (B) Differences among institutional missions;
- 184 (C) Strategies for promoting student access;
- 185 (D) Consideration of charges to out-of-state students; and
- 186 (E) Such other policies as the commission and council consider appropriate;

187 ~~(37)~~(36) Implement general disease awareness initiatives to educate parents and
188 students, particularly dormitory residents, about meningococcal meningitis; the potentially life-
189 threatening dangers of contracting the infection; behaviors and activities that can increase risks;
190 measures that can be taken to prevent contact or infection; and potential benefits of vaccination.
191 The commission shall encourage governing boards that provide medical care to students to
192 provide access to the vaccine for those who wish to receive it; and

193 ~~(38)~~(37) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary sell, lease,
194 convey or otherwise dispose of all or part of any real property that it owns, in accordance with
195 article nineteen of this chapter.

196 (b) In addition to the powers and duties listed in subsection (a) of this section, the
197 commission has the following general powers and duties related to its role in developing,
198 articulating and overseeing the implementation of the public policy agenda:

199 (1) Planning and policy leadership, including a distinct and visible role in setting the state's
200 policy agenda and in serving as an agent of change;

201 (2) Policy analysis and research focused on issues affecting the system as a whole or a
202 geographical region thereof;

203 (3) Development and implementation of institutional mission definitions, including use of
204 incentive funds to influence institutional behavior in ways that are consistent with public priorities;

205 (4) Academic program review and approval for governing boards under its jurisdiction. The
206 review and approval includes use of institutional missions as a template to judge the
207 appropriateness of both new and existing programs and the authority to implement needed
208 changes.

209 (A) The commission's authority to review and approve academic programs for either
210 Marshall University or West Virginia University is limited to programs that are proposed to be
211 offered at a new location not presently served by that institution;

212 (B) The commission shall approve or disapprove proposed academic degree programs in
213 those instances where approval is required as soon as practicable, but in any case not later than
214 six months from the date the governing board makes an official request. The commission may
215 not withhold approval unreasonably.

216 (5) Distribution of funds appropriated to the commission, including incentive and
217 performance-based funds;

218 (6) Administration of state and federal student aid programs under the supervision of the
219 vice chancellor for administration, including promulgation of rules necessary to administer those
220 programs;

221 (7) Serving as the agent to receive and disburse public funds when a governmental entity
222 requires designation of a statewide higher education agency for this purpose;

223 (8) Developing, establishing and implementing information, assessment, accountability
224 and personnel systems, including maintaining statewide data systems that facilitate long-term
225 planning and accurate measurement of strategic outcomes and performance indicators;

226 (9) Jointly with the council, promulgating and implementing rules for licensing and
227 oversight for both public and private degree-granting and nondegree-granting institutions that
228 provide post-secondary education courses or programs in the state. The council has authority
229 and responsibility for approval of all post-secondary courses or programs providing community
230 and technical college education as defined in section two, article one of this chapter;

231 (10) Developing, implementing and overseeing statewide and regional projects and
232 initiatives related to providing post-secondary education at the baccalaureate level and above
233 such as those using funds from federal categorical programs or those using incentive and
234 performance-based funds from any source;

235 (11) Quality assurance that intersects with all other duties of the commission particularly
236 in the areas of research, data collection and analysis, personnel administration, planning, policy

237 analysis, program review and approval, budgeting and information and accountability systems;
238 and

239 (12) Developing budgets and allocating resources for governing boards under its
240 jurisdiction:

241 (A) For all governing boards under its jurisdiction, except the governing boards of Marshall
242 University and West Virginia University, the commission shall review institutional operating
243 budgets, review and approve capital budgets, and distribute incentive and performance-based
244 funds;

245 (B) For the governing boards of Marshall University and West Virginia University, the
246 commission shall distribute incentive and performance-based funds and may review and
247 comment upon the institutional operating budgets and capital budgets. The commission's
248 comments, if any, shall be made part of the governing board's minute record.

249 (c) In addition to the powers and duties provided in subsections (a) and (b) of this section
250 and any other powers and duties assigned to it by law, the commission has other powers and
251 duties necessary or expedient to accomplish the purposes of this article.

252 (d) The commission may withdraw specific powers of a governing board under its
253 jurisdiction for a period not to exceed two years, if the commission determines that any of the
254 following conditions exist:

255 (1) The governing board has failed for two consecutive years to develop or implement an
256 institutional compact as required in article one-d of this chapter;

257 (2) The commission has received information, substantiated by independent audit, of
258 significant mismanagement or failure to carry out the powers and duties of the governing board
259 according to state law; or

260 (3) Other circumstances which, in the view of the commission, severely limit the capacity
261 of the governing board to exercise its powers or carry out its duties and responsibilities.

262 The commission may not withdraw specific powers for a period exceeding two years.
263 During the withdrawal period, the commission shall take all steps necessary to reestablish sound,
264 stable and responsible institutional governance.

ARTICLE 1D. HIGHER EDUCATION ACCOUNTABILITY.

§18B-1D-8. Institutional and system report cards.

1 (a) The purpose of the institutional and statewide report cards is to make information
2 available to parents, students, faculty, staff, state policymakers and the general public on the
3 quality and performance of public higher education. The focus of the report cards is to determine
4 annual progress of the commission, the council and institutions under their respective jurisdictions
5 toward achieving state goals and objectives identified in this article and section one-a, article one
6 of this chapter and system goals and objectives contained in the statewide master plans of the
7 commission and council created pursuant to section five of this article.

8 (b) The information contained in the report cards shall be consistent and comparable
9 between and among state institutions of higher education. If applicable, the information shall allow
10 for easy comparison with higher education-related data collected and disseminated by the
11 Southern Regional Education Board, the United States Department of Education and other
12 education data-gathering and data-disseminating organizations upon which state policymakers
13 frequently rely in setting policy.

14 (c) The rules required by subsection (c), section one of this article shall provide for the
15 collection, analysis and dissemination of information on the performance of the state institutions
16 of higher education, including health sciences education, in relation to the findings, goals and
17 objectives set forth in this article and section one-a, article one of this chapter and those contained
18 in the statewide master plans of the commission and council developed pursuant to section five
19 of this article.

20 (1) The objective of this portion of the rule is to ensure that the Legislative Oversight
21 Commission on Education Accountability and others identified in subsection (a) of this section are
22 provided with full and accurate information while minimizing the institutional burden of
23 recordkeeping and reporting.

24 (2) This portion of the rule shall identify various indicators of student and institutional
25 performance that, at a minimum, must be reported annually, set forth general guidelines for the
26 collection and reporting of data and provide for the preparation, printing and distribution of report
27 cards under this section.

28 (d) The report cards shall be analysis-driven, rather than simply data-driven, and shall
29 present information in a format that can inform education policymaking. They shall include an
30 executive summary which outlines significant trends, identifies major areas of concern and
31 discusses progress toward meeting state and system goals and objectives. They shall be brief
32 and concise, reporting required information in nontechnical language. Any technical or supporting
33 material to be included shall be contained in a separate appendix.

34 (e) The statewide report card shall include the data for each separately listed, applicable
35 indicator identified in the rule promulgated pursuant to subsection (c) of this section and the
36 aggregate of the data for all public institutions of higher education.

37 (f) The statewide report card shall be prepared using actual institutional, state, regional
38 and national data, as applicable and available, indicating the present performance of the individual
39 institutions, the governing boards and the state systems of higher education. Statewide report
40 cards shall be based upon information for the current school year or for the most recent school
41 year for which the information is available, in which case the year shall be clearly noted.

42 (g) The president or chief executive officer of each state institution of higher education
43 shall prepare and submit annually all requested data to the commission at the times established
44 by the commission.

45 (h) The higher education central office staff, under the direction of the Vice Chancellor for
46 Administration, shall provide technical assistance to each institution and governing board in data
47 collection and reporting and is responsible for assembling the statewide report card from
48 information submitted by each governing board.

49 (i) The statewide report card shall be completed and disseminated with copies to the
50 Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability prior to January 1, of each year
51 and the staff of the commission and the council shall prepare a report highlighting specifically the
52 trends, progress toward meeting goals and objectives and major areas of concern for public
53 higher education, including medical education, for presentation to the Legislative Oversight
54 Commission on Education Accountability at the interim meetings in January, 2009, and annually
55 thereafter.

56 ~~(j) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, the following~~
57 ~~statutorily mandated reports are not required to be prepared and submitted annually unless a~~
58 ~~member of the Legislature makes a specific request for a particular report:~~

59 ~~(1) An annual report, pursuant to subsection (a), section forty-eight, article three, chapter~~
60 ~~five-a of this code, on vehicle fleets;~~

61 ~~(2) An annual report, pursuant to subsection (e), section ten, article one of this chapter,~~
62 ~~on plans, accomplishments and recommendations in implementing a cooperative relationship~~
63 ~~between Potomac State College and Eastern West Virginia Community and Technical College;~~

64 ~~(3) An annual report, pursuant to paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivision (10), subsection (a),~~
65 ~~section four, article one-b of this chapter, concerning higher education performance and~~
66 ~~enrollment data;~~

67 ~~(4) An annual report, pursuant to paragraph (A), subdivision (11), subsection (b), section~~
68 ~~six, article two-b of this chapter, concerning community and technical college performance;~~

69 ~~(5) An annual report, pursuant to subsection (b), section seven, article five of this chapter,~~

70 ~~on all sales of obsolete, unusable or surplus commodities;~~

71 ~~(6) An annual report, pursuant to section eight, article five of this chapter, on purchases~~
72 ~~from West Virginia businesses;~~

73 ~~(7) An annual report, pursuant to subsection (j), section one, article ten of this chapter, on~~
74 ~~the amount of auxiliary fees collected to replace state funds subsidizing auxiliary services;~~

75 ~~(8) An annual report, pursuant to subsection (c), section five, article thirteen of this chapter,~~
76 ~~on technical assistance provided to qualified businesses within approved research parks,~~
77 ~~research zones or technology centers;~~

78 ~~(9) An annual report, pursuant to subsection (e), section six, article eighteen of this~~
79 ~~chapter, on the status of the Eminent Scholars Endowment Trust Fund; and~~

80 ~~(10) An annual report, pursuant to subsection (e), section one, article three, chapter~~
81 ~~eighteen-c of this code, relevant to the health education loan program.~~

82 ~~(k) (j) For a reasonable fee, the Vice Chancellor for Administration shall make copies of~~
83 ~~the report cards, including any appendices of supporting material, available to any individual~~
84 ~~requesting them.~~

§18B-1D-8a. Modification to reporting requirements to the Legislative Oversight

Commission on Education Accountability.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, the following
2 statutorily mandated reports are not required to be prepared and submitted annually to the
3 Legislature but this information and data previously contained therein shall be combined with
4 other reports in a manner that reduces the cost and increases the efficacy of those reports. This
5 includes:

6 (1) All personnel, classification, compensation and human resources reports set out in
7 section four, article one-b of this chapter, section six, article two-b of this chapter and article nine-
8 a of this chapter;

9 (2) All capital appropriation requests, priorities and campus and state capital development
10 plans set out in section four, article one-b of this chapter, section six, article two-b of this chapter
11 and article nineteen of this chapter;

12 (3) All academic related matters and reports including those detailing institutional
13 reauthorization at section seven, article four of this chapter; training of institutional Boards of
14 Governors set out in section nine, article one-d of this chapter and section one, article ten of this
15 chapter dealing with institutional compliance with tuition and fee increases;

16 (4) All financial aid reports including PROMISE, HEAPS, the Higher Education Grant
17 Program, the Nursing Scholarship Program, the Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarship Program
18 and others set out in chapter eighteen-c of this code.

19 (b) In order to create more efficiency, reporting deadlines of statutorily mandated reports
20 may be altered, as needed, provided that the reports are always provided within any given
21 calendar year.

**ARTICLE 1E. WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
REVITALIZATION PROJECT.**

§18B-1E-3. Revitalization Project and plan; plan approval required.

1 (a) There is hereby created the Revitalization Project for WVU-Tech under the direction of
2 the commission. The project includes a study and development of a revitalization plan designed
3 to meet the goals and intent of this article.

4 (b) On the effective date of this section, the commission shall initiate a study and draw
5 upon the expertise of groups both internal and external to West Virginia to take advantage of the
6 services of national organizations specializing in institutional renewal. The commission shall bear
7 the costs of the study.

8 (c) The study shall include, but is not limited to, the following thematic areas:

9 (1) Exploring new academic programs that meet emerging industry needs in West Virginia;

10 (2) Developing distance education and adult-targeted degree and programmatic offerings,
11 with particular attention to avoiding costly program duplication;

12 (3) Examining marketing and recruiting strategies at the institution;

13 (4) Reviewing nonacademic programs and auxiliary operations, focused upon efficiencies
14 and strategic development;

15 (5) Reviewing fiscal and operating procedures, emphasizing initiatives through which the
16 institution can reduce annual operating costs and maximize all available revenues;

17 (6) Evaluating all institutionally affiliated groups, including the alumni association, the
18 WVU-Tech Foundation and all other institutionally affiliated organizations which are exempt from
19 taxation pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
20 stressing revitalization of these entities; and

21 (7) Reviewing and assessing the capital infrastructure of the institution.

22 (d) The study also shall include consideration of the following recommendations drawn
23 from the WV-CURE report:

24 (1) Creating and maintaining a forum for meaningful interaction between and among the
25 K-12 and professional communities to define better the needs of the STEM stakeholders at each
26 level of the education and early career process. The forum may help to ensure smoother
27 transitions for students at each step and thereby increase student retention and graduation rates.
28 A cooperative approach with the public schools in the institution's service area may serve as
29 means to increase students' interest and familiarize them with the STEM programs WVU-Tech
30 offers;

31 (2) Preparing students for the future by enhancing student design/capstone experiences
32 to include undergraduate research at an earlier point in the baccalaureate curriculum thereby
33 expanding the focus on opportunities for advanced studies and providing students with enhanced

34 critical thinking and learning skills to adapt to an environment of rapidly changing technologies;

35 (3) Stimulating interest of young people in training and careers in engineering and related
36 disciplines by involving the professional and business communities in a more visible and engaged
37 manner;

38 (4) Diversifying the types of students who pursue STEM education and careers by
39 developing strategic initiatives focused on recruiting and retaining traditionally under-represented
40 groups;

41 (5) Pursuing the goals set forth in section three, article one-c of this chapter to increase
42 West Virginia's capacity for high quality engineering instruction and research; increase access to
43 high quality instruction and research opportunities in STEM disciplines; and stimulate economic
44 development by increasing the number of professional engineers available to business and
45 industry;

46 (6) Exploring opportunities for collaborations between institutions to increase the access
47 to high quality programs while reducing the overall expenditure per student in high cost
48 disciplines; and

49 (7) Developing more electronic classrooms, online programs, and other technology-driven
50 teaching/learning facilities in order to pool resources among the engineering institutions, reach
51 students who are place-bound or who live in rural areas distant from the institution's campus and
52 avoid expensive program duplication.

53 (e) Based upon the research and findings of the study, the Chancellor shall coordinate the
54 development of a revitalization plan to implement the purpose and intent of this article. The
55 revitalization plan shall serve to guide the distribution of all funds appropriated by the Legislature
56 and targeted to the Revitalization Project. The revitalization plan shall include, but is not limited
57 to, the following elements:

58 (1) Providing clear and guiding recommendations for the revitalization of WVU-Tech;

59 (2) Recommending a process for establishing WVU-Tech as a center of excellence in
60 STEM education with particular emphasis on undergraduate engineering and technology, areas
61 in which the institution has earned a high degree of regional and national recognition for
62 excellence. The purpose of the center of excellence is to enable the institution to concentrate its
63 resources on providing state-of-the-art post-secondary education opportunities in a limited
64 number of areas in which the institution excels. The center of excellence approach promotes
65 effective teaching and learning through education, training, research and information
66 dissemination. All parties involved in identifying and developing the center of excellence bring to
67 the partnership their special expertise of strategic importance to the program and, ultimately, to
68 the citizens of West Virginia;

69 (3) Benchmarks in the following areas:

70 (A) Enrollment;

71 (B) Retention and graduation;

72 (C) Capital improvements and building renovations/demolitions;

73 (D) Athletics, auxiliaries, and other nonacademic units;

74 (E) Fundraising and alumni development;

75 (F) Academic restructure and program development;

76 (G) Marketing and outreach;

77 (H) Remedial and developmental education;

78 (I) Innovative academic initiatives that can be piloted at WVU-Tech with the opportunity
79 for diffusion across the systems of higher education;

80 (J) Transfer and articulation partnerships with other institutions in the state systems of
81 higher education; and

82 (K) Grants, contracts, and externally sponsored research; and

83 (4) A process whereby WVU-Tech may request and receive moneys from the pool of

84 appropriated funds.

85 ~~(f) The findings, conclusions and recommendations of the study, together with the~~
86 ~~revitalization plan for implementation, shall be reported to the commission and the governing~~
87 ~~board by September 1, 2011. The revitalization plan shall be delivered to LOCEA no later than~~
88 ~~September 1, 2011, and LOCEA shall consider the proposed plan and approve or disapprove by~~
89 ~~September 30, 2011.~~

§18B-1E-4. Plan implementation; legislative intent; oversight; reporting.

1 (a) The legislative findings set forth in section two of this article demonstrate the unique
2 historical role that WVU-Tech has played as a vital component of the state's higher education
3 system. In order for the institution to move forward and realize its full potential, its future must be
4 supported by a financial commitment from the state. Therefore, as funds are available, it is the
5 intent of the Legislature to make appropriations to the commission to support the revitalization
6 project at WVU-Tech.

7 (b) Appropriated funds may be expended under the direction of the Chancellor for the
8 purposes set forth in this article and in the revitalization plan approved by LOCEA.

9 (c) The purposes for which the moneys may be used include, but are not limited to,
10 development costs for new programs, student outreach initiatives, demolition of certain facilities,
11 and renovation of campus infrastructure or other items designed to support existing students and
12 attract new students.

13 ~~(d) By December 1, 2012, and annually thereafter until all appropriated funds have been~~
14 ~~expended, the Chancellor shall report to LOCEA on the allocation of funds. Additionally, the~~
15 ~~Chancellor shall provide regular updates to LOCEA, as necessary or requested, to keep members~~
16 ~~informed of the progress made in implementing the purposes and intent of this article and the~~
17 ~~components of the revitalization plan.~~

18 ~~(e) By May 1, 2014, the commission and governing board shall provide to LOCEA a~~

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19 ~~detailed summary of all revitalization project activities undertaken to date. This report also shall~~
20 ~~include recommendations for alterations to the revitalization plan and the goals of the revitalization~~
21 ~~project and may include recommended options for governance changes including independent~~
22 ~~status for the institution.~~

**ARTICLE 2B. WEST VIRGINIA COUNCIL FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL
COLLEGE EDUCATION.**

§18B-2B-6. Powers and duties of the council.

23 (a) The council is the sole agency responsible for administration of vocational-technical-
24 occupational education and community and technical college education in the state. The council
25 has jurisdiction and authority over the community and technical colleges and the statewide
26 network of independently accredited community and technical colleges as a whole, including
27 community and technical college education programs as defined in section two, article one of this
28 chapter.

29 (b) The council shall propose rules pursuant to section six, article one of this chapter and
30 article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions of this section and
31 applicable provisions of article one-d of this chapter:

32 (1) To implement the provisions of article one-d of this chapter relevant to community and
33 technical colleges, the council may propose rules jointly with the commission or separately and
34 may choose to address all components of the accountability system in a single rule or may
35 propose additional rules to cover specific components;

36 (2) The rules pertaining to financing policy and benchmarks and indicators required by this
37 section shall be filed with the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability by

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38 October 1, 2008. Nothing in this subsection requires other rules of the council to be promulgated
39 again under the procedure set forth in article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code unless
40 such rules are rescinded, revised, altered or amended; and

41 (3) The Legislature finds that an emergency exists and, therefore, the council shall
42 propose an emergency rule or rules to implement the provisions of this section relating to the
43 financing policy and benchmarks and indicators in accordance with section six, article one of this
44 chapter and article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code by October 1, 2008. The
45 emergency rule or rules may not be implemented without prior approval of the Legislative
46 Oversight Commission on Education Accountability.

47 (c) The council has the following powers and duties relating to the authority established in
48 subsection (a) of this section:

49 (1) Develop, oversee and advance the public policy agenda for community and technical
50 college education for the purpose of accomplishing the mandates of this section, including, but
51 not limited to, the following:

52 (A) Achieving the goals and objectives established in articles one and one-d of this
53 chapter;

54 (B) Addressing the goals and objectives contained in the institutional compacts created
55 pursuant to section seven, article one-d of this chapter; and

56 (C) Developing and implementing the master plan described in section five, article one-d
57 of this chapter;

58 (2) Propose a legislative rule pursuant to subsection (b) of this section and article three-a,
59 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to develop and implement a financing policy for community and
60 technical college education in West Virginia. The rule shall meet the following criteria:

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61 (A) Provide an adequate level of education and general funding for institutions pursuant
62 to section five, article one-a of this chapter;

63 (B) Serve to maintain institutional assets, including, but not limited to, human and physical
64 resources and deferred maintenance;

65 (C) Establish a plan for strategic funding to strengthen capacity for support of community
66 and technical college education; and

67 (D) Establish a plan that measures progress and provides performance-based funding to
68 institutions which make significant progress in the following specific areas:

69 (i) Achieving the objectives and priorities established in article one-d of this chapter;

70 (ii) Serving targeted populations, especially working age adults twenty-five years of age
71 and over;

72 (iii) Providing access to high-cost, high-demand technical programs in every region of the
73 state;

74 (iv) Increasing the percentage of functionally literate adults in every region of the state;
75 and

76 (v) Providing high quality community and technical college education services to residents
77 of every region of the state.

78 (3) Create a policy leadership structure relating to community and technical college
79 education capable of the following actions:

80 (A) Developing, building public consensus around and sustaining attention to a long-range
81 public policy agenda. In developing the agenda, the council shall seek input from the Legislature
82 and the Governor and specifically from the State Board of Education and local school districts in
83 order to create the necessary linkages to assure smooth, effective and seamless movement of

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84 students through the public education and post-secondary education systems and to ensure that
85 the needs of public school courses and programs can be fulfilled by the graduates produced and
86 the programs offered;

87 (B) Ensuring that the governing boards of the institutions under the council's jurisdiction
88 carry out their duty effectively to govern the individual institutions of higher education; and

89 (C) Holding each community and technical college and the statewide network of
90 independently accredited community and technical colleges as a whole accountable for
91 accomplishing their missions and achieving the goals and objectives established in articles one,
92 one-d, and three-c of this chapter;

93 (4) Develop for inclusion in the statewide public agenda, a plan for raising education
94 attainment, increasing adult literacy, promoting workforce and economic development and
95 ensuring access to advanced education for the citizens of West Virginia;

96 (5) Provide statewide leadership, coordination, support, and technical assistance to the
97 community and technical colleges and to provide a focal point for visible and effective advocacy
98 for their work and for the public policy agendas approved by the commission and council;

99 (6) Review and adopt annually all institutional compacts for the community and technical
100 colleges pursuant to the provisions of section seven, article one-d of this chapter;

101 (7) Fulfill the mandates of the accountability system established in article one-d of this
102 chapter and report on progress in meeting established goals, objectives, and priorities to the
103 elected leadership of the state;

104 (8) Propose a legislative rule pursuant to subsection (b) of this section and article three-a,
105 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to establish benchmarks and indicators in accordance with the
106 provisions of this subsection;

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107 (9) Establish and implement the benchmarks and performance indicators necessary to
108 measure institutional progress:

109 (A) In meeting state goals, objectives, and priorities established in articles one and one-d
110 of this chapter;

111 (B) In carrying out institutional missions; and

112 (C) In meeting the essential conditions established in article three-c of this chapter;

113 ~~(10) Collect and analyze data relating to the performance of community and technical~~
114 ~~colleges in every region of West Virginia and report periodically or as directed to the Legislative~~
115 ~~Oversight Commission on Education Accountability on the progress in meeting the goals and~~
116 ~~objectives established in articles one and one-d of this chapter.~~

117 ~~Additionally, the council shall report annually during the January interim meetings on a~~
118 ~~date and at a time and location to be determined by the President of the Senate and the Speaker~~
119 ~~of the House of Delegates.~~

120 ~~The annual report shall address at least the following:~~

121 ~~(A) The performance of the community and technical college network during the previous~~
122 ~~fiscal year, including, but not limited to, progress in meeting goals stated in the compacts and~~
123 ~~progress of the institutions and the network as a whole in meeting the goals and objectives~~
124 ~~established in articles one and one-d of this chapter;~~

125 ~~(B) The priorities established for capital investment needs pursuant to subdivision (11) of~~
126 ~~this subsection and the justification for such priority; and~~

127 ~~(C) Recommendations of the council for statutory changes necessary or expedient to~~
128 ~~achieve established state goals and objectives.~~

129 ~~(14)~~(10) Establish a formal process for identifying needs for capital investments and for

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130 determining priorities for these investments for consideration by the Governor and the Legislature
131 as part of the appropriation request process. Notwithstanding the language in subdivision eleven,
132 subsection a, section four, article one-b of this chapter, the commission is not a part of the process
133 for identifying needs for capital investments for the statewide network of independently accredited
134 community and technical colleges;

135 ~~(12)~~(11) Draw upon the expertise available within the Governor's Workforce Investment
136 Office and the West Virginia Development Office as a resource in the area of workforce
137 development and training;

138 ~~(13)~~(12) Acquire legal services that are considered necessary, including representation of
139 the council, its institutions, employees and officers before any court or administrative body,
140 notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary. The counsel may be employed
141 either on a salaried basis or on a reasonable fee basis. In addition, the council may, but is not
142 required to, call upon the Attorney General for legal assistance and representation as provided
143 by law;

144 ~~(14)~~(13) Employ a chancellor for community and technical college education pursuant to
145 section three of this article;

146 ~~(15)~~(14) Employ other staff as necessary and appropriate to carry out the duties and
147 responsibilities of the council consistent with the provisions of section two, article four of this
148 chapter;

149 ~~(16)~~(15) Employ other staff as necessary and appropriate to carry out the duties and
150 responsibilities of the council who are employed solely by the council;

151 ~~(17)~~(16) Provide suitable offices in Charleston for the chancellor and other staff: *Provided,*
152 That the offices may be located outside of Charleston at a technology and research center:

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153 *Provided, however,* That the current employees of WVNET shall not be moved from Monongalia
154 County without legislative approval;

155 ~~(18)~~(17) Approve the total compensation package from all sources for presidents of
156 community and technical colleges, as proposed by the governing boards. The governing boards
157 must obtain approval from the council of the total compensation package both when presidents
158 are employed initially and subsequently when any change is made in the amount of the total
159 compensation package;

160 ~~(19)~~(18) Establish and implement policies and procedures to ensure that students may
161 transfer and apply toward the requirements for a degree the maximum number of credits earned
162 at any regionally accredited in-state or out-of-state higher education institution with as few
163 requirements to repeat courses or to incur additional costs as is consistent with sound academic
164 policy;

165 ~~(20)~~(19) Establish and implement policies and programs, jointly with the community and
166 technical colleges, through which students who have gained knowledge and skills through
167 employment, participation in education and training at vocational schools or other education
168 institutions, or internet-based education programs, may demonstrate by competency-based
169 assessment that they have the necessary knowledge and skills to be granted academic credit or
170 advanced placement standing toward the requirements of an associate degree or a bachelor's
171 degree at a state institution of higher education;

172 ~~(21)~~(20) Seek out and attend regional and national meetings and forums on education and
173 workforce development-related topics, as council members consider critical for the performance
174 of their duties. The council shall keep abreast of national and regional community and technical
175 college education trends and policies to aid members in developing the policies for this state that

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176 meet the education goals and objectives established in articles one and one-d of this chapter;

177 ~~(22)~~(21) Assess community and technical colleges for the payment of expenses of the
178 council or for the funding of statewide services, obligations or initiatives related specifically to the
179 provision of community and technical college education;

180 ~~(23)~~(22) Promulgate rules allocating reimbursement of appropriations, if made available
181 by the Legislature, to community and technical colleges for qualifying noncapital expenditures
182 incurred in the provision of services to students with physical, learning or severe sensory
183 disabilities;

184 ~~(24)~~(23) Assume the prior authority of the commission in examining and approving tuition
185 and fee increase proposals submitted by community and technical college governing boards as
186 provided in section one, article ten of this chapter;

187 ~~(25)~~(24) Develop and submit to the commission, a single budget for community and
188 technical college education that reflects recommended appropriations for community and
189 technical colleges and that meets the following conditions:

190 (A) Incorporates the provisions of the financing rule mandated by this section to measure
191 and provide performance funding to institutions which achieve or make significant progress
192 toward achieving established state objectives and priorities;

193 (B) Considers the progress of each institution toward meeting the essential conditions set
194 forth in section three, article three-c of this chapter, including independent accreditation; and

195 (C) Considers the progress of each institution toward meeting the goals, objectives, and
196 priorities established in article one-d of this chapter and its approved institutional compact.

197 ~~(26)~~(25) Administer and distribute the independently accredited community and technical
198 college development account;

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199 ~~(27)~~(26) Establish a plan of strategic funding to strengthen capacity for support and assure
200 delivery of high quality community and technical college education in all regions of the state;

201 ~~(28)~~(27) Foster coordination among all state-level, regional and local entities providing
202 post-secondary vocational education or workforce development and coordinate all public
203 institutions and entities that have a community and technical college mission;

204 ~~(29)~~(28) Assume the principal responsibility for oversight of those community and
205 technical colleges seeking independent accreditation and for holding governing boards
206 accountable for meeting the essential conditions pursuant to article three-c of this chapter;

207 ~~(30)~~(29) Advise and consent in the appointment of the presidents of the community and
208 technical colleges pursuant to section six, article one-b of this chapter. The role of the council in
209 approving a president is to assure through personal interview that the person selected
210 understands and is committed to achieving the goals and objectives established in the institutional
211 compact and in articles one, one-d and three-c of this chapter;

212 ~~(31)~~(30) Provide a single, statewide link for current and prospective employers whose
213 needs extend beyond one locality;

214 ~~(32)~~(31) Provide a mechanism capable of serving two or more institutions to facilitate joint
215 problem-solving in areas including, but not limited to the following:

216 (A) Defining faculty roles and personnel policies;

217 (B) Delivering high-cost technical education programs across the state;

218 (C) Providing one-stop service for workforce training to be delivered by multiple
219 institutions; and

220 (D) Providing opportunities for resource-sharing and collaborative ventures;

221 ~~(33)~~(32) Provide support and technical assistance to develop, coordinate, and deliver

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222 effective and efficient community and technical college education programs and services in all
223 regions of the state;

224 ~~(34)~~(33) Assist the community and technical colleges in establishing and promoting links
225 with business, industry and labor in the geographic areas for which each community and technical
226 college is responsible;

227 ~~(35)~~(34) Develop alliances among the community and technical colleges for resource
228 sharing, joint development of courses and courseware, and sharing of expertise and staff
229 development;

230 ~~(36)~~(35) Serve aggressively as an advocate for development of a seamless curriculum;

231 ~~(37)~~(36) Cooperate with all providers of education services in the state to remove barriers
232 relating to a seamless system of public and higher education and to transfer and ~~articulation~~
233 articulate between and among community and technical colleges, state colleges and universities
234 and public education, preschool through grade twelve;

235 ~~(38)~~(37) Encourage the most efficient use of available resources;

236 ~~(39)~~(38) Coordinate with the commission in informing public school students, their parents
237 and teachers of the academic preparation that students need in order to be prepared adequately
238 to succeed in their selected fields of study and career plans, including presentation of academic
239 career fairs;

240 ~~(40)~~(39) Jointly with the commission, approve and implement a uniform standard, as
241 developed by the chancellors, to determine which students shall be placed in remedial or
242 developmental courses. The standard shall be aligned with college admission tests and
243 assessment tools used in West Virginia and shall be applied uniformly by the governing boards
244 throughout the public higher education system. The chancellors shall develop a clear, concise

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245 explanation of the standard which the governing boards shall communicate to the State Board of

246 Education and the State Superintendent of Schools;

247 ~~(41)~~(40) Develop and implement strategies and curriculum for providing developmental
248 education which shall be applied by any state institution of higher education providing
249 developmental education;

250 ~~(42)~~(41) Develop a statewide system of community and technical college programs and
251 services in every region of West Virginia for competency-based certification of knowledge and
252 skills, including a statewide competency-based associate degree program;

253 ~~(43)~~(42) Review and approve all institutional master plans for the community and technical
254 colleges pursuant to section four, article two-a of this chapter;

255 ~~(44)~~(43) Propose rules for promulgation pursuant to subsection (b) of this section and
256 article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code that are necessary or expedient for the effective
257 and efficient performance of community and technical colleges in the state;

258 ~~(45)~~(44) In its sole discretion, transfer any rule under its jurisdiction, other than a legislative
259 rule, to the jurisdiction of the governing boards who may rescind, revise, alter or amend any rule
260 transferred pursuant to rules adopted by the council and provide technical assistance to the
261 institutions under its jurisdiction to aid them in promulgating rules;

262 ~~(46)~~(45) Develop for inclusion in the higher education report card, as defined in section
263 eight, article one-d of this chapter, a separate section on community and technical colleges. This
264 section shall include, but is not limited to, evaluation of the institutions based upon the
265 benchmarks and indicators developed in subdivision (9) of this subsection;

266 ~~(47)~~(46) Facilitate continuation of the Advantage Valley Community College Network
267 under the leadership and direction of Marshall Community and Technical College;

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268 ~~(48)~~(47) Initiate and facilitate creation of other regional networks of affiliated community
269 and technical colleges that the council finds to be appropriate and in the best interests of the
270 citizens to be served;

271 ~~(49)~~(48) Develop with the State Board of Education plans for secondary and post-
272 secondary vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic education, including, but not limited
273 to the following:

274 (A) Policies to strengthen vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic education;
275 and

276 (B) Programs and methods to assist in the improvement, modernization and expanded
277 delivery of vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic education programs;

278 ~~(50)~~(49) Distribute federal vocational education funding provided under the Carl D. Perkins
279 Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998, PL 105-332, with an emphasis on distributing
280 financial assistance among secondary and post-secondary vocational-technical-occupational and
281 adult basic education programs to help meet the public policy agenda.

282 In distributing funds the council shall use the following guidelines:

283 (A) The State Board of Education shall continue to be the fiscal agent for federal vocational
284 education funding;

285 (B) The percentage split between the State Board of Education and the council shall be
286 determined by rule promulgated by the council under the provisions of article three-a, chapter
287 twenty-nine-a of this code. The council shall first obtain the approval of the State Board of
288 Education before proposing a rule;

289 ~~(54)~~(50) Collaborate, cooperate and interact with all secondary and post-secondary
290 vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic education programs in the state, including the

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291 programs assisted under the federal Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of
292 1998, PL 105-332, and the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, to promote the development of
293 seamless curriculum and the elimination of duplicative programs;

294 ~~(52)~~(51) Coordinate the delivery of vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic
295 education in a manner designed to make the most effective use of available public funds to
296 increase accessibility for students;

297 ~~(53)~~(52) Analyze and report to the State Board of Education on the distribution of spending
298 for vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic education in the state and on the availability
299 of vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic education activities and services within the
300 state;

301 ~~(54)~~(53) Promote the delivery of vocational-technical-occupational education, adult basic
302 education and community and technical college education programs in the state which emphasize
303 the involvement of business, industry and labor organizations;

304 ~~(55)~~(54) Promote public participation in the provision of vocational-technical-occupational
305 education, adult basic education and community and technical education at the local level,
306 emphasizing programs which involve the participation of local employers and labor organizations;

307 ~~(56)~~(55) Promote equal access to quality vocational-technical-occupational education,
308 adult basic education and community and technical college education programs to handicapped
309 and disadvantaged individuals, adults in need of training and retraining, single parents,
310 homemakers, participants in programs designed to eliminate sexual bias and stereotyping and
311 criminal offenders serving in correctional institutions;

312 ~~(57)~~(56) Meet annually between the months of October and December with the Advisory
313 Committee of Community and Technical College Presidents created pursuant to section eight of

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314 this article to discuss those matters relating to community and technical college education in which
315 advisory committee members or the council may have an interest;

316 ~~(58)~~(57) Accept and expend any gift, grant, contribution, bequest, endowment or other
317 money for the purposes of this article;

318 ~~(59)~~(58) Assume the powers set out in section nine of this article. The rules previously
319 promulgated by the State College System Board of Directors pursuant to that section and
320 transferred to the commission are hereby transferred to the council and shall continue in effect
321 until rescinded, revised, altered or amended by the council;

322 ~~(60)~~(59) Pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section and article three-a,
323 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, promulgate a uniform joint legislative rule with the commission
324 for the purpose of standardizing, as much as possible, the administration of personnel matters
325 among the institutions of higher education;

326 ~~(64)~~(60) Determine when a joint rule among the governing boards of the community and
327 technical colleges is necessary or required by law and, in those instances and in consultation with
328 the governing boards, promulgate the joint rule;

329 ~~(62)~~(61) Promulgate a joint rule with the commission establishing tuition and fee policy for
330 all institutions of higher education. The rule shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

331 (A) Comparisons with peer institutions;

332 (B) Differences among institutional missions;

333 (C) Strategies for promoting student access;

334 (D) Consideration of charges to out-of-state students; and

335 (E) Any other policies the commission and council consider appropriate;

336 ~~(63)~~(62) In cooperation with the West Virginia Division of Highways, study a method for

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337 increasing the signage signifying community and technical college locations along the state
338 interstate highways, and report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education
339 Accountability regarding any recommendations and required costs; and

340 ~~(64)~~(63) Implement a policy jointly with the commission whereby any course credit earned
341 at a community and technical college transfers for program credit at any other state institution of
342 higher education and is not limited to fulfilling a general education requirement.

343 (d) In addition to the powers and duties listed in subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section,
344 the council has the following general powers and duties related to its role in developing,
345 articulating and overseeing the implementation of the public policy agenda for community and
346 technical colleges:

347 (1) Planning and policy leadership including a distinct and visible role in setting the state's
348 policy agenda for the delivery of community and technical college education and in serving as an
349 agent of change;

350 (2) Policy analysis and research focused on issues affecting the community and technical
351 college network as a whole or a geographical region thereof;

352 (3) Development and implementation of each community and technical college mission
353 definition including use of incentive and performance funds to influence institutional behavior in
354 ways that are consistent with achieving established state goals, objectives, and priorities;

355 (4) Academic program review and approval for the institutions under its jurisdiction,
356 including the use of institutional missions as a template to judge the appropriateness of both new
357 and existing programs and the authority to implement needed changes;

358 (5) Development of budget and allocation of resources for institutions delivering
359 community and technical college education, including reviewing and approving institutional

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360 operating and capital budgets and distributing incentive and performance-based funding;

361 (6) Acting as the agent to receive and disburse public funds related to community and
362 technical college education when a governmental entity requires designation of a statewide higher
363 education agency for this purpose;

364 (7) Development, establishment and implementation of information, assessment and
365 internal accountability systems, including maintenance of statewide data systems that facilitate
366 long-term planning and accurate measurement of strategic outcomes and performance indicators
367 for community and technical colleges;

368 (8) Jointly with the commission, development, establishment and implementation of
369 policies for licensing and oversight of both public and private degree-granting and nondegree-
370 granting institutions that provide post-secondary education courses or programs;

371 (9) Development, implementation and oversight of statewide and regionwide projects and
372 initiatives related specifically to providing community and technical college education such as
373 those using funds from federal categorical programs or those using incentive and performance-
374 based funding from any source; and

375 (10) Quality assurance that intersects with all other duties of the council particularly in the
376 areas of planning, policy analysis, program review and approval, budgeting and information and
377 accountability systems.

378 (e) The council may withdraw specific powers of a governing board under its jurisdiction
379 for a period not to exceed two years if the council makes a determination that any of the following
380 conditions exist:

381 (1) The governing board has failed for two consecutive years to develop an institutional
382 compact as required in section seven, article one-d of this chapter;

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383 (2) The council has received information, substantiated by independent audit, of significant
384 mismanagement or failure to carry out the powers and duties of the board of governors according
385 to state law; or

386 (3) Other circumstances which, in the view of the council, severely limit the capacity of the
387 board of governors to carry out its duties and responsibilities.

388 The period of withdrawal of specific powers may not exceed two years during which time
389 the council is authorized to take steps necessary to reestablish the conditions for restoration of
390 sound, stable and responsible institutional governance.

391 (f) In addition to the powers and duties provided for in subsections (a), (b), (c) and (d) of
392 this section and any others assigned to it by law, the council has those powers and duties
393 necessary or expedient to accomplish the purposes of this article; and

394 (g) When the council and commission, each, is required to consent, cooperate, collaborate
395 or provide input into the actions of the other the following conditions apply:

396 (1) The body acting first shall convey its decision in the matter to the other body with a
397 request for concurrence in the action;

398 (2) The commission or the council, as the receiving body, shall place the proposal on its
399 agenda and shall take final action within sixty days of the date when the request for concurrence
400 is received; and

401 (3) If the receiving body fails to take final action within sixty days, the original proposal
402 stands and is binding on both the commission and the council.

ARTICLE 2C. WEST VIRGINIA COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE.

§18B-2C-3. Authority and duty of council to determine progress of community and technical colleges; conditions; authority to create West Virginia Community and

Technical College.

1 (a) The council annually shall review and analyze all the state community and technical
2 colleges, and any branches, centers, regional centers or other delivery sites with a community
3 and technical college mission, to determine their progress toward meeting the goals, objectives,
4 priorities, and essential conditions established in articles one, one-d and three-c of this chapter.

5 (b) The analysis required in subsection (a) of this section shall be based, in whole or in
6 part, upon the findings made pursuant to the rule establishing benchmarks and indicators
7 promulgated by the council pursuant to section six, article two-b of this chapter.

8 (c) Based upon their analysis in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the council shall
9 make a determination whether any one or more of the following conditions exists:

10 (1) A community and technical college required to do so has not achieved or is not making
11 sufficient, satisfactory progress toward achieving the essential conditions, including independent
12 accreditation;

13 (2) One or more of the public community and technical colleges, branches, centers,
14 regional centers and other delivery sites with a community and technical college mission requires
15 financial assistance or other support to meet the goals and essential conditions set forth in this
16 chapter;

17 (3) It is in the best interests of the people of the state or a region within the state to have
18 a single, accredited institution which can provide an umbrella of statewide accreditation;

19 (4) One or more of the state community and technical colleges, branches, centers,
20 regional centers or other delivery sites with a community and technical college mission requests
21 from the council the type of assistance which can best be delivered through implementation of
22 the provisions of section four of this article. Institutional requests that may be considered by the

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23 council include, but are not limited to, assistance in seeking and/or attaining independent
24 accreditation, in meeting the goals, priorities and essential conditions established in articles one,
25 one-d and three-c of this chapter, or in establishing and implementing regional networks;

26 (5) One or more state community and technical colleges, branches, centers, regional
27 centers or other delivery sites with a community and technical college mission has not achieved,
28 or is not making sufficient, satisfactory progress toward achieving, the goals, objectives and
29 essential conditions established in articles one, one-d and three-c of this chapter; and

30 (6) The council determines that it is in the best interests of the people of the state or a
31 region of the state to create a statewide, independently accredited community and technical
32 college.

33 (d) The council may not make a determination subject to the provisions of this section that
34 a condition does not exist based upon a finding that the higher education entity lacks sufficient
35 funds to make sufficient, satisfactory progress.

36 ~~(e) By December 1, annually, the council shall prepare and file with the Legislative~~
37 ~~Oversight Commission on Education Accountability a written report on the findings and~~
38 ~~determinations required by this section, together with a detailed history of any actions taken by~~
39 ~~the council under the authority of this article.~~

ARTICLE 3D. WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE.

§18B-3D-2. Workforce Development Initiative Program continued; purpose; program administration; rule required.

1 (a) The Workforce Development Initiative Program is continued under the supervision of
2 the council. The purpose of the program is to administer and oversee grants to community and
3 technical colleges to implement the provisions of this article in accordance with legislative intent.

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4 (b) It is the responsibility of the council to administer the state fund for community and
5 technical college and workforce development, including setting criteria for grant applications,
6 receiving applications for grants, making determinations on distribution of funds and evaluating
7 the performance of workforce development initiatives.

8 (c) The chancellor, under the direction of the council, shall review and approve the
9 expenditure of all grant funds, including development of application criteria, the review and
10 selection of applicants for funding and the annual review and justification of applicants for grant
11 renewal.

12 (1) To aid in decisionmaking, the Chancellor appoints an advisory committee consisting
13 of the Executive Director of the West Virginia Development Office or designee; the Secretary of
14 Education and the Arts or designee; the Assistant State Superintendent for Technical and Adult
15 Education; the Chair of the West Virginia Council for Community and Technical College
16 Education; the Chair of the West Virginia Workforce Investment Council; the Executive Director
17 of Workforce West Virginia; two members representing business and industry; and one member
18 representing labor. The advisory committee shall review all applications for workforce
19 development initiative grants and make recommendations for distributing grant funds to the
20 council. The advisory committee also shall make recommendations on methods to share among
21 the community and technical colleges any curricula developed as a result of a workforce
22 development initiative grant.

23 (2) When determining which grant proposals will be funded, the council shall give special
24 consideration to proposals by community and technical colleges that involve businesses with
25 fewer than fifty employees.

26 (3) The council shall weigh each proposal to avoid awarding grants which will have the

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27 ultimate effect of providing unfair advantage to employers new to the state who will be in direct
28 competition with established local businesses.

29 (d) The council may allocate a reasonable amount, not to exceed five percent up to a
30 maximum of \$50,000 of the funds available for grants on an annual basis, for general program
31 administration.

32 ~~(e) The council shall report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education~~
33 ~~Accountability and the Legislative Oversight Commission on Workforce Investment for Economic~~
34 ~~Development on the status of the Workforce Development Initiative Program annually by~~
35 ~~December 1.~~

36 ~~(f)~~(e) Moneys appropriated or otherwise available for the Workforce Development Initiative
37 Program shall be allocated by line item to an appropriate account. Any moneys remaining in the
38 fund at the close of a fiscal year are carried forward for use in the next fiscal year.

39 ~~(g)~~(f) Nothing in this article requires a specific level of appropriation by the Legislature.

**ARTICLE 10. FEES AND OTHER MONEY COLLECTED AT STATE INSTITUTIONS
OF HIGHER EDUCATION.**

§18B-10-1. Enrollment, tuition and other fees at education institutions; refund of fees.

1 (a) Each governing board shall fix tuition and other fees for each academic term for the
2 different classes or categories of students enrolling at the state institution of higher education
3 under its jurisdiction and may include among the tuition and fees any one or more of the following
4 as defined in section one-b of this article:

5 (1) Tuition and required educational and general fees;

6 (2) Auxiliary and auxiliary capital fees; and

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7 (3) Required educational and general capital fees.

8 (b) A governing board may establish a single special revenue account for each of the
9 following classifications of fees:

10 (1) All tuition and required educational and general fees collected;

11 (2) All auxiliary and auxiliary capital fees collected; and

12 (3) All required educational and general capital fees collected to support existing
13 systemwide and institutional debt service and future systemwide and institutional debt service,
14 capital projects and campus renewal for educational and general facilities.

15 (4) Subject to any covenants or restrictions imposed with respect to revenue bonds
16 payable from the accounts, a governing board may expend funds from each special revenue
17 account for any purpose for which funds were collected within that account regardless of the
18 original purpose for which the funds were collected.

19 (c) The purposes for which tuition and fees may be expended include, but are not limited
20 to, health services, student activities, recreational, athletic and extracurricular activities.
21 Additionally, tuition and fees may be used to finance a ~~students'~~ student's attorney to perform
22 legal services for students in civil matters at the institutions. The legal services are limited to those
23 types of cases, programs or services approved by the president of the institution where the legal
24 services are to be performed.

25 (d) By October 1, 2011, the commission and council each shall propose a rule for
26 legislative approval in accordance with article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to
27 govern the fixing, collection and expenditure of tuition and other fees by the governing boards
28 under their respective jurisdictions.

29 (e) The schedule of all tuition and fees, and any changes in the schedule, shall be entered

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30 in the minutes of the meeting of the appropriate governing board and the board shall file with the
31 commission or council, or both, as appropriate, and the Legislative Auditor a certified copy of the
32 schedule and changes.

33 (f) The governing boards shall establish the rates to be charged full-time students, as
34 defined in section one-b of this article, who are enrolled during a regular academic term.

35 (1) Undergraduate students taking fewer than twelve credit hours in a regular term shall
36 have their fees reduced pro rata based upon one twelfth of the full-time rate per credit hour and
37 graduate students taking fewer than nine credit hours in a regular term shall have their fees
38 reduced pro rata based upon one ninth of the full-time rate per credit hour.

39 (2) Fees for students enrolled in summer terms or other nontraditional time periods shall
40 be prorated based upon the number of credit hours for which the student enrolls in accordance
41 with this subsection.

42 (g) All fees are due and payable by the student upon enrollment and registration for
43 classes except as provided in this subsection:

44 (1) The governing boards shall permit fee payments to be made in installments over the
45 course of the academic term. All fees shall be paid prior to awarding course credit at the end of
46 the academic term.

47 (2) The governing boards also shall authorize the acceptance of credit cards or other
48 payment methods which may be generally available to students for the payment of fees. The
49 governing boards may charge the students for the reasonable and customary charges incurred in
50 accepting credit cards and other methods of payment.

51 (3) If a governing board determines that a student's finances are affected adversely by a
52 legal work stoppage, it may allow the student an additional six months to pay the fees for any

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53 academic term. The governing board shall determine on a case-by-case basis whether the
54 finances of a student are affected adversely.

55 (4) The commission and council jointly shall propose a rule in accordance with article
56 three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code defining conditions under which a governing board
57 may offer tuition and fee deferred payment plans itself or through third parties.

58 (5) A governing board may charge interest or fees for any deferred or installment payment
59 plans.

60 (h) In addition to the other fees provided in this section, each governing board may impose,
61 collect and distribute a fee to be used to finance a nonprofit, student-controlled public interest
62 research group if the students at the institution demonstrate support for the increased fee in a
63 manner and method established by that institution's elected student government. The fee may
64 not be used to finance litigation against the institution.

65 (i) Governing boards shall retain tuition and fee revenues not pledged for bonded
66 indebtedness or other purposes in accordance with the tuition rules proposed by the commission
67 and council pursuant to this section. The tuition rules shall address the following areas:

68 (1) Providing a basis for establishing nonresident tuition and fees;

69 (2) Allowing governing boards to charge different tuition and fees for different programs;

70 (3) Authorizing a governing board to propose to the commission, council or both, as
71 appropriate, a mandatory auxiliary fee under the following conditions:

72 (A) The fee shall be approved by the commission, council or both, as appropriate, and
73 either the students below the senior level at the institution or the Legislature before becoming
74 effective;

75 (B) Increases may not exceed previous state subsidies by more than ten percent;

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76 (C) The fee may be used only to replace existing state funds subsidizing auxiliary services
77 such as athletics or bookstores;

78 (D) If the fee is approved, the amount of the state subsidy shall be reduced annually by
79 the amount of money generated for the institution by the fees. All state subsidies for the auxiliary
80 services shall cease five years from the date the mandatory auxiliary fee is implemented;

81 ~~(E) The commission or council or both, as appropriate, shall certify to the Legislature~~
82 ~~annually by October 1 the amount of fees collected for each of the five years;~~

83 (4) Establishing methodology, where applicable, to ensure that, within the appropriate time
84 period under the compact, community and technical college tuition rates for students in all
85 community and technical colleges will be commensurate with the tuition and fees charged by their
86 peer institutions.

87 (j) A penalty may not be imposed by the commission or council upon any governing board
88 based upon the number of nonresidents who attend the institution unless the commission or
89 council determines that admission of nonresidents to any institution or program of study within
90 the institution is impeding unreasonably the ability of resident students to attend the institution or
91 participate in the programs of the institution. The governing boards shall report annually to the
92 commission or council on the numbers of nonresidents and any other enrollment information the
93 commission or council may request.

94 (k) Tuition and fee increases of the governing boards, including the governing boards of
95 Marshall University and West Virginia University, are subject to rules adopted by the commission
96 and council pursuant to this section and in accordance with article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a
97 of this code. The commission or council, as appropriate, shall examine individually each request
98 from a governing board for an increase and make its determinations as follows:

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99 (1) A tuition and fee increase greater than five percent for resident students proposed by
100 a governing board requires the approval of the commission or council, as appropriate.

101 (2) A fee used solely for the purpose of complying with the athletic provisions of 20 U. S.
102 C. §1681, *et seq.*, known as Title IX of the Education Amendment of 1972, is exempt from the
103 limitations on fee increases set forth in this subsection for three years from the effective date of
104 the section.

105 (3) In determining whether to approve or deny a governing board's request for a tuition
106 and/or fee increase for resident students greater than the increases granted pursuant to
107 subdivision (1) of this subsection, the commission or council shall determine the progress the
108 governing board has made toward meeting the conditions outlined in this subsection and shall
109 make this determination the predominate factor in its decision. The commission or council shall
110 consider the degree to which each governing board has met the following conditions:

111 (A) Maximizes resources available through nonresident tuition and fee charges to the
112 satisfaction of the commission or council;

113 (B) Consistently achieves the benchmarks established in the compact pursuant to article
114 one-d of this chapter;

115 (C) Continuously pursues the statewide goals for post-secondary education and the
116 statewide compact established in this chapter;

117 (D) Demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commission or council that an increase will be
118 used to maintain high-quality programs at the institution;

119 (E) Demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commission or council that the governing board
120 is making adequate progress toward achieving the goals for education established by the
121 southern regional education board;

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122 (F) Demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commission or council that the governing board
123 has considered the average per capita income of West Virginia families and their ability to pay for
124 any increases; and

125 (G) Demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commission or council that base appropriation
126 increases have not kept pace with recognized nation-wide inflationary benchmarks;

127 (4) This section does not require equal increases among governing boards nor does it
128 require any level of increase by a governing board.

129 (5) The commission and council shall report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on
130 Education Accountability regarding the basis for approving or denying each request as
131 determined using the criteria established in this subsection.

ARTICLE 13. HIGHER EDUCATION – INDUSTRY PARTNERSHIPS.

§18B-13-5. Use of state property and equipment; faculty.

1 (a) The governing boards are authorized to provide for the low cost and economical use
2 and sharing of state property and equipment, including computers, research labs and other
3 scientific and necessary equipment to assist any qualified business within an approved research
4 park or zone or technology center. The Commission shall approve a schedule of nominal or
5 reduced-cost reimbursements to the state for such use.

6 (b) The governing boards shall develop and provide for a program of release time,
7 sabbaticals or other forms of faculty involvement or participation with any qualifying business.

8 (c) The Legislature finds that cooperation, communication and coordination are integral
9 components of higher education's involvement in economic development. In order to proceed in
10 a manner that is cost effective and time efficient, it is the duty of the Commission to review and
11 coordinate such aspects of the programs administered by the governing boards. The review and

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12 coordination may not operate to affect adversely sources of funding or any statutory
13 characterization of any program as an independent entity. ~~The Commission shall report annually~~
14 ~~to the Legislature and the Governor. The report shall contain the following information:~~

15 ~~(1) The number of seminars and workshops conducted;~~

16 ~~(2) The subject matter addressed in each seminar and workshop;~~

17 ~~(3) The number of feasibility studies conducted and the subject matter contained in each~~
18 ~~study;~~

19 ~~(4) An accounting of the cost of all travel expenses, seminars, workshops and feasibility~~
20 ~~studies; and~~

21 ~~(5) The extent to which the authority provided for in subsection (b) of this section has been~~
22 ~~exercised, stating specifically the names of the institutions and faculty members involved in the~~
23 ~~program.~~

ARTICLE 18. EMINENT SCHOLARS ENDOWMENT TRUST FUND ACT.

§18B-18-6. Duties of Higher Education Policy Commission.

1 The Higher Education Policy Commission shall:

2 (a) Establish documentation standards and review procedures to determine the eligibility
3 of donor gifts to participate in the eminent scholars program when the gift is initially received or
4 whenever the terms are significantly changed;

5 (b) Require that each participating institution report on total gifts received, investment
6 earnings realized and anticipated expenditures in its annual operating budget request;

7 (c) Annually develop and submit a consolidated budget request for the eminent scholars
8 program to the Governor for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2003. The budget request shall
9 include a request for an appropriation by the Legislature to each institutional account each fiscal

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10 year in an amount equal to the investment earnings in the previous fiscal year which are intended
11 for use in the fiscal year to supplement the salaries of eminent scholars;

12 (d) Allocate any funds appropriated by the Legislature among the participating institutions
13 in equal installments at the beginning of each quarter; ~~and,~~

14 ~~(e) Submit to the Legislature no later than December 1, of each year an annual report on~~
15 ~~the status of the programs, the qualifications and accomplishments of the eminent scholars, the~~
16 ~~value of endowment holdings, the investment earnings realized and salary supplements paid.~~

CHAPTER 18C. STUDENT LOANS; SCHOLARSHIPS AND STATE AID.

ARTICLE 3. HEALTH PROFESSIONALS STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM.

§18C-3-4. Nursing Scholarship Program; Center for Nursing Fund; administration; scholarship awards; service requirements.

17 (a) There is continued in the State Treasury a special revenue account known as the
18 "Center for Nursing Fund" to be administered by the commission to implement the provisions of
19 this section and article seven-b, chapter thirty of this code. Any moneys in the account on the
20 effective date of this section are transferred to the commission's administrative authority.
21 Balances remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year do not expire or revert to the general
22 revenue. All costs associated with the administration of this section and article seven-b, chapter
23 thirty of this code shall be paid from the Center for Nursing Fund under the direction of the Vice
24 Chancellor for Administration. Administrative costs are to be minimized and the maximum amount
25 feasible is to be used to fund awards for students in nursing programs.

26 (b) The account is funded from the following sources:

27 (1) A supplemental licensure fee, not to exceed \$10 per year, to be paid by all nurses

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28 licensed by the Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses, pursuant to section
29 eight-a, article seven, chapter thirty of this code, and the Board of Examiners for Licensed
30 Practical Nurses, pursuant to section seven-a, article seven-a, chapter thirty of this code;

31 (2) Repayments, including interest as set by the Vice Chancellor for Administration,
32 collected from recipients who fail to practice or teach in West Virginia under the terms of the
33 scholarship agreement; and

34 (3) Any other funds from any source as may be added to the account.

35 (c) In consultation with the board of directors of the West Virginia Center for Nursing,
36 established pursuant to article seven-b, chapter thirty of this code, the commission shall
37 administer a scholarship, designated the Nursing Scholarship Program, designed to benefit
38 nurses who practice in hospitals and other health care institutions or teach in state nursing
39 programs.

40 (1) Awards are available for students enrolled in accredited nursing programs in West
41 Virginia. A recipient shall execute an agreement to fulfill a service requirement or repay the
42 amount of any award received.

43 (2) Awards are made as follows, subject to the rule required by this section:

44 (A) An award for any student may not exceed the full cost of education for program
45 completion.

46 (B) An award of up to \$3,000 is available for a student in a licensed practical nurse
47 education program. A recipient is required to practice nursing in West Virginia for one year
48 following program completion.

49 (C) An award of up to \$7,500 is available for a student who has completed one-half of a
50 registered nurse education program. A recipient is required to teach or practice nursing in West

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51 Virginia for two years following program completion.

52 (D) An award of up to \$15,000 is available to a student in a nursing master's degree
53 program or a doctoral nursing or education program. A recipient is required to teach in West
54 Virginia for two years following program completion.

55 (E) An award of up to \$1,000 per year is available for a student obtaining a licensed
56 practical nurse teaching certificate. A recipient is required to teach in West Virginia for one year
57 per award received.

58 (d) An award recipient shall satisfy one of the following conditions:

59 (1) Fulfill the service requirement pursuant to this section and the legislative rule; or

60 (2) Repay the commission for the amount awarded, together with accrued interest as
61 stipulated in the service agreement.

62 (e) The commission shall promulgate a rule for legislative approval pursuant to article
63 three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement and administer this section. The rule
64 shall provide for the following:

65 (1) Eligibility and selection criteria for program participation;

66 (2) Terms of a service agreement which a recipient shall execute as a condition of
67 receiving an award;

68 (3) Repayment provisions for a recipient who fails to fulfill the service requirement;

69 (4) Forgiveness options for death or disability of a recipient;

70 (5) An appeal process for students denied participation or ordered to repay awards; and

71 (6) Additional provisions as necessary to implement this section.

72 ~~(f) The commission shall report annually by December 1, to the Legislative Oversight~~
73 ~~Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability and the Legislative Oversight~~

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74 ~~Commission on Education Accountability on the number of award recipients and all other matters~~
75 ~~relevant to the provisions of this section.~~

ARTICLE 5. HIGHER EDUCATION GRANT PROGRAM.

§18C-5-7. Higher education adult part-time student grant program.

1 (a) There is established the higher education adult part-time student grant program,
2 referred to in this section as the HEAPS grant program. The grant program established and
3 authorized by this section is administered by the vice chancellor for administration. Moneys
4 appropriated or otherwise available for the grant program shall be allocated by line item to an
5 appropriate account. Any moneys remaining in the fund at the close of a fiscal year shall be carried
6 forward for use in the next fiscal year.

7 (b) As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings ascribed to them:

8 (1) "Approved distance education" means a course of study offered via electronic access
9 that has been approved for inclusion in the applicant's program of study by the eligible institution
10 of higher education at which the applicant is enrolled or has been accepted for enrollment;

11 (2) "Part-time" means enrollment for not less than three nor more than eleven semester
12 or term hours: *Provided*, That in the case of enrollment in postsecondary certificate, industry
13 recognized credential and other skill development programs in demand occupations in this state,
14 "part-time" means enrollment on such basis as is established for the program in which enrolled;

15 (3) "Satisfactory academic progress" means maintaining a cumulative grade point average
16 of at least 2.0 on a 4.0 grading scale with a goal of obtaining a certificate, associate degree or
17 bachelor's degree. In the case of postsecondary certificate, industry recognized credential and
18 other skill development programs, satisfactory academic progress means continuous
19 advancement toward completion of the program on the normal schedule established for the

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20 program in which enrolled;

21 (4) "Eligible institution" means:

22 (A) Any community college; community and technical college; adult technical preparatory
23 education program or training;

24 (B) Any state college or university, as those terms are defined in section two, article one,
25 chapter eighteen-b of this code;

26 (C) Any approved institution of higher education as that term is defined in section two of
27 this article; and

28 (D) Any approved distance education, including world wide web based courses;

29 (5) "Eligible program or programs" or "eligible course or courses" means, in addition to
30 programs and courses offered by eligible institutions as defined in subdivision (4) of this
31 subsection:

32 (A) Programs and courses offered by any nationally accredited degree granting institution
33 of higher learning permitted pursuant to section five, article three, chapter eighteen-b of this code
34 and approved by the joint commission for vocational-technical-occupational education; and

35 (B) Any postsecondary certificate, industry recognized credential and other skill
36 development programs of study as defined in this section in a demand occupation in this state;

37 (6) "State resident" means a student who has lived in West Virginia continuously for a
38 minimum of twelve months immediately preceding the date of application for a HEAPS grant or
39 renewal of a grant;

40 (7) "Postsecondary certificate program" means an organized program of study, approved
41 by the joint commission for vocational-technical-occupational education, with defined
42 competencies or skill sets that may be offered for credit or noncredit and which culminates in the

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43 awarding of a certificate: *Provided*, That postsecondary certificate programs offered by eligible
44 institutions as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection do not require the approval of the joint
45 commission for vocational-technical-occupational education;

46 (8) "Demand occupation" means any occupation having documented verification from
47 employers that job opportunities in that occupation are currently available or are projected to be
48 available within a year within the state or regions of the state. The joint commission for vocational-
49 technical-occupational education shall prepare and update annually a list of occupations that they
50 determine meet the requirements of this definition;

51 (9) "Industry-recognized credential program" means an organized program that meets
52 nationally recognized standards in a particular industry, is approved by the joint commission for
53 vocational-technical-occupational education and which culminates in the awarding of a
54 certification or other credential commonly recognized in that industry: *Provided*, That industry
55 recognized credential programs offered by eligible institutions as defined in subdivision (4) of this
56 subsection do not require the approval of the joint commission for vocational-technical-
57 occupational education; and

58 (10) "Skill development program" means a structured sequence or set of courses,
59 approved by the joint commission for vocational-technical-occupational education, with defined
60 competencies that are designed to meet the specific skill requirements of an occupation and
61 which culminates in the awarding of a certificate of completion that specifically lists the
62 competencies or skills mastered: *Provided*, That skill development programs offered by eligible
63 institutions as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection do not require the approval of the joint
64 commission.

65 (c) A person is eligible for consideration for a HEAPS grant if the person:

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66 (1) Demonstrates that he or she has applied for, accepted, or both, other student financial
67 assistance in compliance with federal financial aid rules, including the federal Pell grant;

68 (2) Demonstrates financial need for funds, as defined by legislative rule;

69 (3) Is a state resident and may not be considered a resident of any other state;

70 (4) Is a United States citizen or permanent resident thereof;

71 (5) Is not incarcerated in a correctional facility;

72 (6) Is not in default on a higher education loan; and

73 (7) Is enrolled in a program of study at less than the graduate level on a part-time basis in
74 an eligible institution or program of study and is making satisfactory academic progress at the
75 time of application: *Provided*, That the requirement that the student be making satisfactory
76 academic progress may not preclude a HEAPS grant award to a student who has been accepted
77 for enrollment in an eligible institution or program of study but has not yet been enrolled.

78 (d) Each HEAPS grant award is eligible for renewal until the course of study is completed,
79 but not to exceed an additional nine years beyond the first year of the award.

80 (e) The Higher Education Policy Commission shall propose a legislative rule pursuant to
81 article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions of this section which
82 shall be filed with the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability by
83 September 1, 2003. The Legislature hereby declares that an emergency situation exists and,
84 therefore, the policy commission may establish, by emergency rule, under the procedures of
85 article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, a rule to implement the provisions of this
86 section, after approval by the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability.

87 (f) The legislative rule shall provide at least the following:

88 (1) That consideration of financial need, as required by subdivision (3), subsection (c) of

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89 this section, include the following factors:

90 (A) Whether the applicant has dependents as defined by federal law;

91 (B) Whether the applicant has any personal hardship as determined at the discretion of
92 the vice chancellor for administration; and

93 (C) Whether the applicant will receive any other source of student financial aid during the
94 award period.

95 (2) That an appropriate allocation process be provided for distribution of funds directly to
96 the eligible institutions or programs based on the part-time enrollment figures of the prior year;

97 (3) That not less than twenty-five percent of the funds appropriated in any one fiscal year
98 be used to make grants to students enrolled in postsecondary certificate, industry recognized
99 credential and other skill development programs of study: *Provided*, That after giving written
100 notice to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability, the vice chancellor
101 for administration may allocate less than twenty-five percent of the funds for such grants;

102 (4) That ten percent of the funds appropriated in any one fiscal year shall be granted to
103 state community and technical colleges by the council for community and technical college
104 education in accordance with a process specified in the rule for noncredit and customized training
105 programs which further the economic development goals of the state, help meet the training and
106 skill upgrade needs of employers in the state, and for which funds are not available from other
107 sources;

108 (5) That any funds not expended by an eligible institution or program at the end of each
109 fiscal year shall be returned to the vice chancellor for administration for distribution under the
110 provisions of this section;

111 (6) That grants under this section shall be available for approved distance education

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112 throughout the calendar year, subject only to the availability of funds; and

113 (7) That the amount of each HEAPS grant award be determined using the following
114 guidelines:

115 (A) The amount of any HEAPS grant awarded to a student per semester, term hour or
116 program for those students who are enrolled in eligible institutions or programs operated under
117 the jurisdiction of an agency of the state or a political subdivision thereof shall be based upon the
118 following:

119 (i) Actual cost of tuition and fees;

120 (ii) The portion of the costs determined to be appropriate by the commission; and

121 (iii) In addition to factors (i) and (ii) above, in determining the amount of the award, the
122 vice chancellor may consider the demand for the program pursuant to subdivision (8), subsection
123 (b) of this section; and

124 (B) The amount of any HEAPS grant awarded to a student who is enrolled in any other
125 eligible institution, program or course shall be no greater than the average amount for comparable
126 programs or courses as determined pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) above.

127 ~~(g) The vice chancellor for administration shall report annually, by December 1, on the~~
128 ~~status of the HEAPS grant program to the Legislative Oversight commission on education~~
129 ~~accountability.~~

130 ~~(h)~~(g) The HEAPS grant program is subject to any provision of this article not inconsistent
131 with the provisions of this section.

**ARTICLE 7. WEST VIRGINIA PROVIDING REAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR MAXIMIZING
IN-STATE STUDENT EXCELLENCE SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.**

**§18C-7-5. Powers and duties of the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission
regarding the PROMISE Scholarship.**

1 (a) *Powers of commission.* — In addition to the powers granted by any other provision of
2 this code, the commission has the powers necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes and
3 provisions of this article including, but not limited to, the following express powers:

4 (1) To promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of article three-a,
5 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to effectuate the purposes of this article;

6 (2) To invest any of the funds of the West Virginia PROMISE Scholarship Fund established
7 in section seven of this article with the West Virginia Investment Management Board in
8 accordance with the provisions of article six, chapter twelve of this code. Any investments made
9 pursuant to this article shall be made with the care, skill, prudence and diligence under the
10 circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with
11 such matters would use in conducting an enterprise of a like character and with like aims.
12 Fiduciaries shall diversify plan investments to the extent permitted by law to minimize the risk of
13 large losses, unless under the circumstances it is clearly prudent not to do so;

14 (3) To execute contracts and other necessary instruments;

15 (4) To impose reasonable requirements for residency for students applying for the
16 PROMISE scholarship. Except as provided in section four, article one of this chapter, a student
17 shall have met the following requirements to be eligible:

18 (A) Completed at least one half of the credits required for high school graduation in a
19 public or private high school in this state; or

20 (B) Received instruction in the home or other approved place pursuant to subsection (c),
21 section one, article eight, chapter eighteen of this code for the two years immediately preceding

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application;

(C) This subsection does not establish residency requirements for matriculation or fee payment purposes at state institutions of higher education;

(5) To contract for necessary goods and services, to employ necessary personnel and to engage the services of private persons for administrative and technical assistance in carrying out the responsibilities of the scholarship program. Any services provided or secured to implement or administer the provisions of this section remain under the direction and authority of the Vice Chancellor for Administration;

(6) To solicit and accept gifts, including bequests or other testamentary gifts made by will, trust or other disposition, grants, loans and other aid from any source and to participate in any federal, state or local governmental programs in carrying out the purposes of this article;

(7) To define the terms and conditions under which scholarships are awarded with the minimum requirements being set forth in section six of this article; and

(8) To establish other policies, procedures and criteria necessary to implement and administer the provisions of this article.

(b) *Duties of commission.* — In addition to any duty required by any other provision of this code, the commission has the following responsibilities:

(1) To operate the program in a fiscally responsible manner and within the limits of available funds;

(2) To operate the program as a merit-based program;

(3) To adjust academic eligibility requirements should projections indicate that available funds will not be sufficient to cover future costs; and

(4) To maintain contact with graduates who have received PROMISE scholarships and to

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45 provide a written statement of intent to recipients who are selected to receive a PROMISE
46 scholarship notifying them that acceptance of the scholarship entails a responsibility to supply the
47 following:

48 (A) Information requested by the commission to determine the number and percentage of
49 recipients who shall:

50 (i) Continue to live in West Virginia after graduation;

51 (ii) Obtain employment in West Virginia after graduation; and

52 (iii) Enroll in post-graduate education programs;

53 (B) For PROMISE scholars who enroll in post-graduate education programs, the name of
54 the state in which each post-graduate institution is located; and

55 (C) Any other relevant information the commission reasonably requests to implement the
56 provisions of this subdivision.

57 ~~(5) To analyze and use the data collected pursuant to subdivision (4) of this subsection to:~~

58 ~~(A) Report the findings annually to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education~~
59 ~~Accountability; and~~

60 ~~(B) Make annual recommendations to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education~~
61 ~~Accountability regarding any actions the commission considers necessary or expedient to~~
62 ~~encourage PROMISE recipients to live and work in the state after graduation.~~

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to reduce legislative education reporting requirements.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law,
and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.